
Treatment Admission Trends

**Treatment
Admission**

Adult

Youth



Modality categories are defined as follows:

Detoxification

Detoxification is a short-term residential service for individuals withdrawing from the effects of excessive or prolonged alcohol or drug abuse. Services continue only until the person recovers from the transitory effects of acute intoxication. Detoxification always includes supervision and may include counseling and/or medical care and use of pharmacological agents. Some counties provide detoxification in specialized freestanding facilities; in other counties, detoxification is provided in community hospitals.

Intensive Inpatient

Intensive inpatient treatment is a highly structured program for chemically dependent persons in a residential setting. Services emphasize alcohol and drug education and individual and group therapy. The length of stay in intensive inpatient treatment for adults is based on American Society for Addiction Medicine (ASAM) criteria.

Recovery House

Recovery houses provide social, recreational, and occupational therapy as well as treatment in a drug/alcohol-free residential setting. The program emphasizes helping patients re-enter the community and the outpatient phase of treatment.

Long-Term Residential

Long-term residential treatment is a specialized program for chemically dependent persons who require periods of treatment in excess of 90 days. It includes domiciliary care, counseling, and other therapies to patients who reside at the treatment facility.



Other Residential

This category includes transitional housing, residential treatment for co-occurring chemical dependency and mental health disorders, and on-site group care enhancement services for youth.

Transitional housing provides pregnant and parenting women who have completed chemical dependency treatment with up to 18 months of housing. In conjunction with the housing component, women receive case management services that monitor participation in off-site treatment, prepare clients for self-sufficiency, and link women and their children to other needed services.

Co-occurring disorders programs are provided in residential chemical dependency treatment facilities. Utilizing a group care enhancement model, mental health professionals at the facilities provide assessment, education, in-service training for staff, and linkages to mental health providers in the community.

Through group care enhancement contracts, adolescent chemical dependency treatment providers are able to deliver on-site services to children residing in Department of Social and Health Services children's residential facilities. These include select group homes operated by the Division of Children and Family Services, the Mental Health Division, and the Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration. Providers are able to provide individual drug and alcohol assessments; individual, group, and family treatment; prevention and education groups; training of residential agency staff; case planning and consultation, and linkages to other community alcohol and drug services.

Outpatient and Intensive Outpatient Treatment

Outpatient treatment services consist of a variety of diagnostic and treatment services provided according to a prescribed treatment plan in a non-residential setting. Outpatient treatment provided for indigent patients under the Alcohol and Drug Addiction Treatment and Support Act (ADATSA) includes vocational counseling and other efforts to help patients regain employment.

Opiate Substitution Treatment

Opiate substitution treatment is an outpatient service for individuals addicted to heroin or other opiates. State-funded and accredited opiate substitution treatment agencies provide counseling and daily or near-daily administration of methadone or other approved substitute drugs.

Treatment Admission Trends

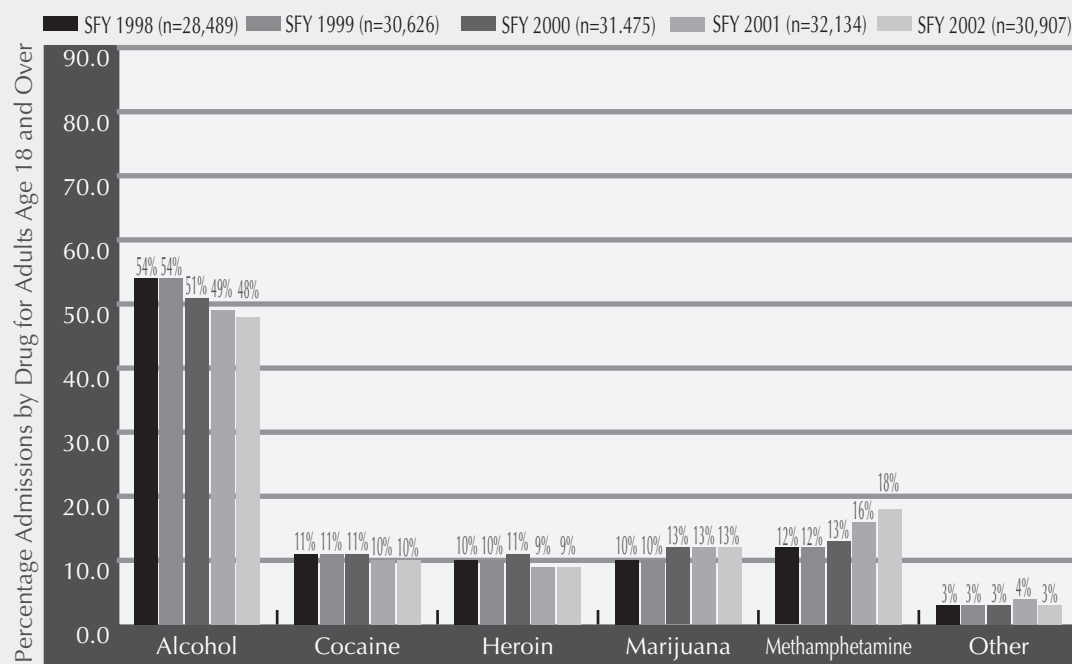
**Treatment
Admission**

Adult

Youth



Alcohol is Cited as the Primary Drug of Abuse in the Plurality of Adult Admissions to DASA-Funded Treatment.*



Source: Treatment and Assessment Report Generation Tool (TARGET), Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse Department of Social and Health Services.

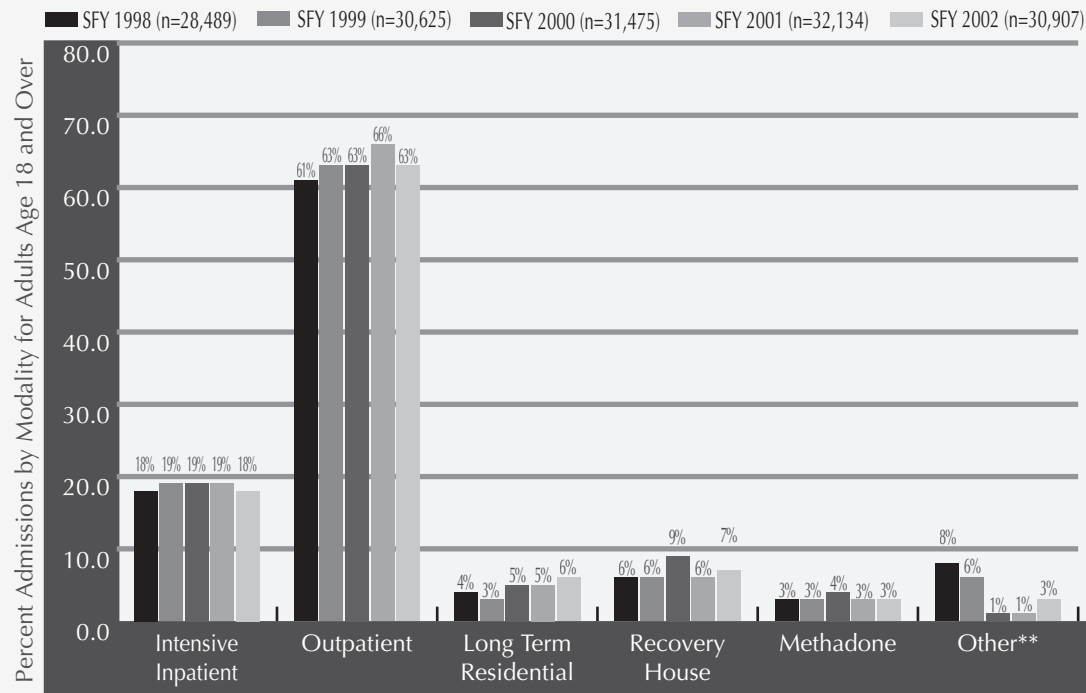
This graph indicates that in SFY 2002, alcohol was the primary drug of abuse for a plurality of adult admissions to DASA-funded treatment. While this has been the case for several decades, in SFY 2001, alcohol-related admissions as a percentage of total admissions dropped below 50% for the first time.

After rising significantly since the early 1990s, the number of admissions to DASA-funded treatment declined by 1,227 or 3.8% between SFY 2001 and SFY 2002. Much of this drop is due to DASA's increased emphasis on treatment retention and completion, which has been demonstrated to result in better outcomes. Without expansion of resources and capacity, it is likely that this decline will continue.

Note: Data may include multiple admissions for a single individual over the course of a year.

*Excludes detoxification and transitional housing

Almost Two-Thirds of Adult Admissions to DASA-Funded Treatment are for Outpatient Services.*



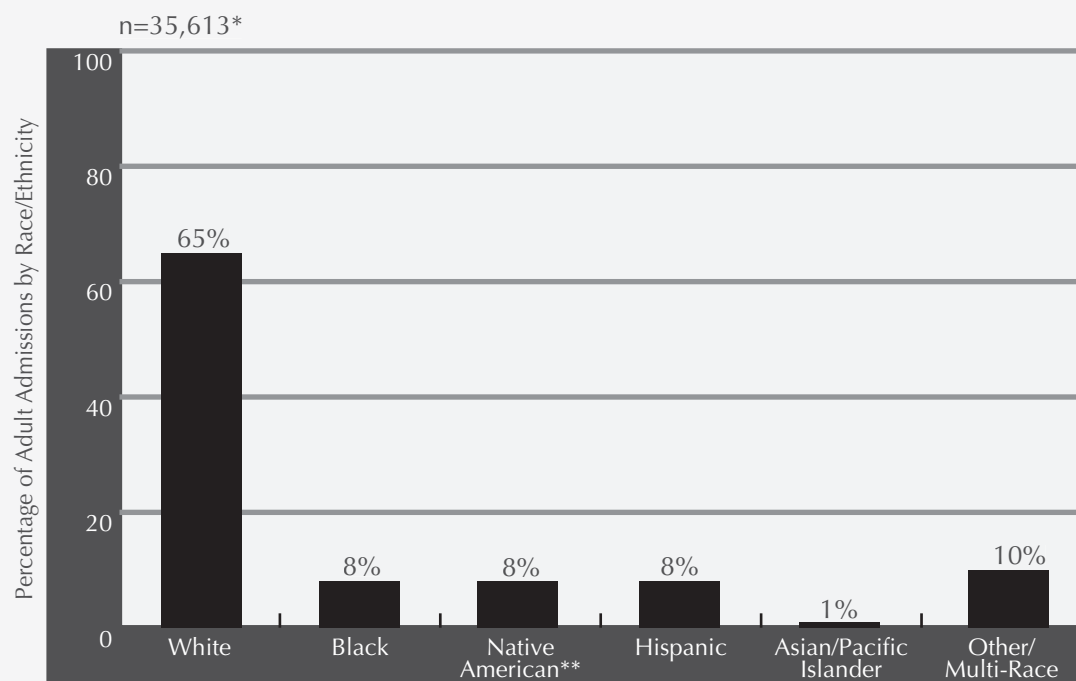
Source: Treatment and Assessment Report Generation Tool (TARGET), Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse, Department of Social and Health Services.

This graph indicates that almost two-thirds of adults admissions to DASA-funded chemical dependency treatment are for outpatient services (including intensive outpatient treatment). The number of admissions for intensive inpatient treatment has risen 14.3% since SFY 1998.

*Excludes detoxification and transitional housing.

** "Other" includes group care enhancement and treatment services for those with co-occurring disorders. Prior to SFY 2000, "Other" included "Extended Care", a modality that has now been phased out.

In SFY 2002, Racial and Ethnic Minorities Comprised 35% of Adult Admissions to DASA-Funded Chemical Dependency Treatment Services.



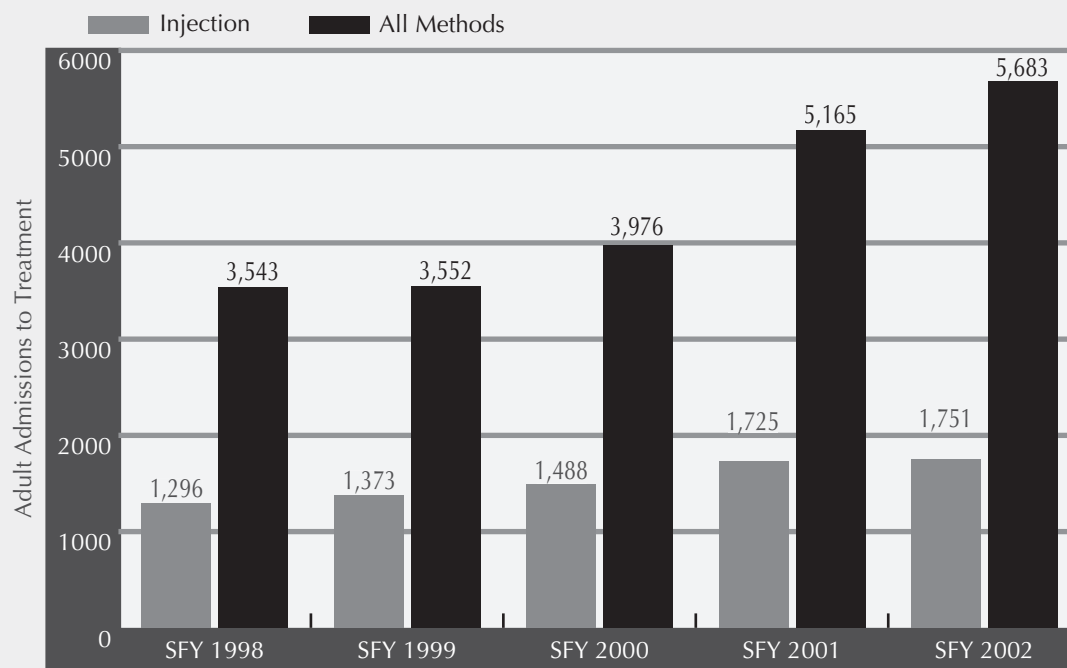
Source: Treatment and Assessment Report Generation Tool (TARGET), Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse, Department of Social and Health Services.

This graph indicates that racial/ethnic minorities comprise approximately 35% of adult admissions to DASA-funded chemical dependency treatment services. Percentages of adults from different groups receiving DASA-funded treatment vary across modalities.

* In the new U.S. Census, "Hispanic" is listed as an ethnicity, rather than as a racial group. Hence, Hispanic admissions may be duplicated in the racial categories.

** Includes Eskimo/Alaskan Native/Aleut

The Number of Adults Admitted to DASA-Funded Treatment for Methamphetamine Use Continues to Rise.



Source: Treatment and Assessment Report Generation Tool (TARGET), Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse Department of Social and Health Services.

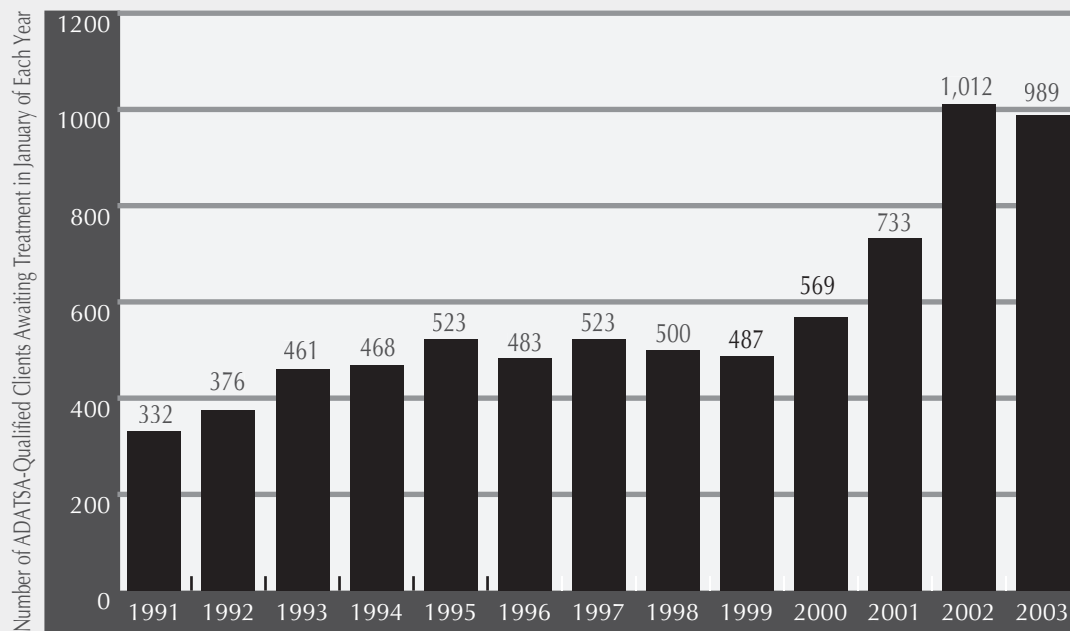
The number of adults admitted to DASA-funded treatment for methamphetamine use continues to rise. Since 1997, when there were 2,224 adults admitted to DASA-funded treatment for methamphetamine, the number of adults admitted has risen 155%.

The majority of adults admitted to DASA-funded treatment for methamphetamine administer the drug via routes other than injection. Injection drug use is closely associated with transmission of HIV and hepatitis B and C. A large majority of methamphetamine users are poly-drug users.

Note: Data excludes detoxification and transitional housing, private-pay and Department of Corrections admissions; admissions are unduplicated.



The Waiting List in Washington State for Treatment Under the Alcohol and Drug Abuse Treatment and Support Act Has Tripled Since 1991.

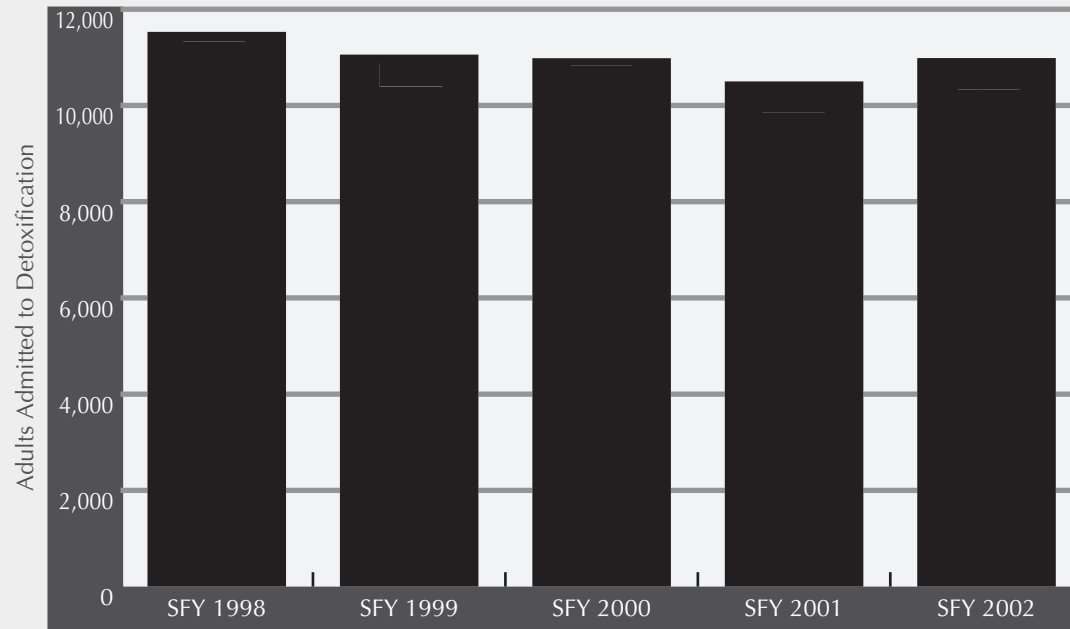


Source: Washington State Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse.

In 1989, the Washington State Legislature recognized in statute that “alcoholism and drug addiction are treatable diseases, and that most persons with this illness can recover” (RCW 74.50.011). Under the Alcohol and Drug Abuse Treatment and Support Act (ADATSA), assessment, treatment, and support services are provided for individuals who are incapacitated from receipt of gainful employment, and meet specific financial eligibility requirements.

The waiting list for treatment services has tripled since 1991, and the rate of growth has accelerated in the past three years. Some of this growth is attributable to increased emphasis on treatment completion and retention, which has been shown to result in better outcomes. As average patient length of stay increases, correspondingly fewer clients in need are able to access care in a timely manner, assuming no new resources are available for expanding treatment capacity.

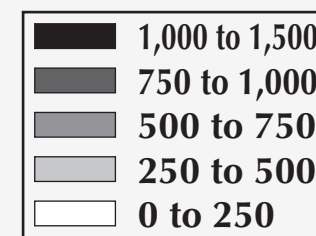
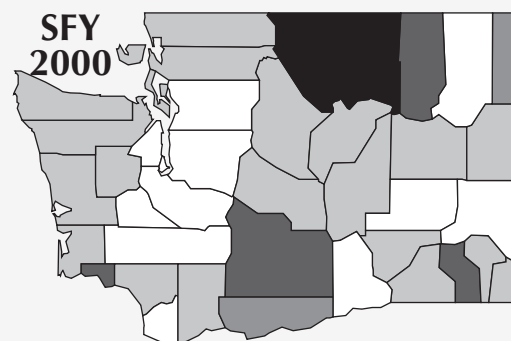
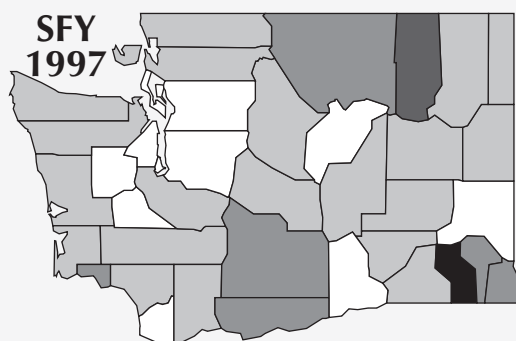
The Number of Adults Receiving DASA-Funded Detoxification Has Remained Relatively Stable.



Source: Treatment and Assessment Report Generation Tool (TARGET), Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse, Department of Social and Health Services.

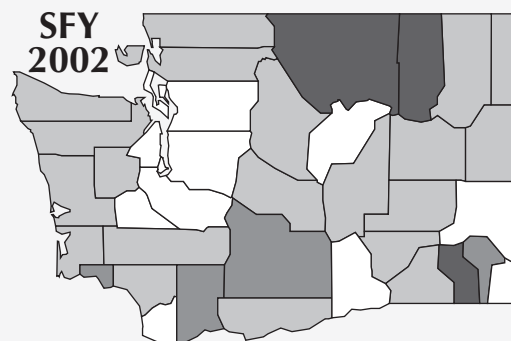
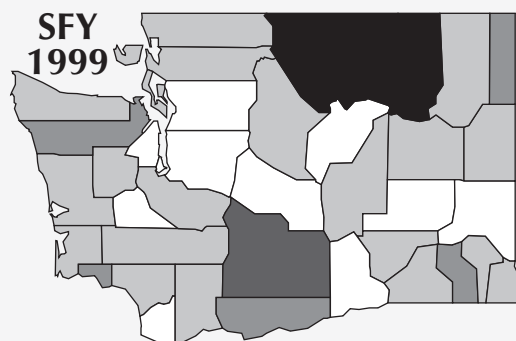
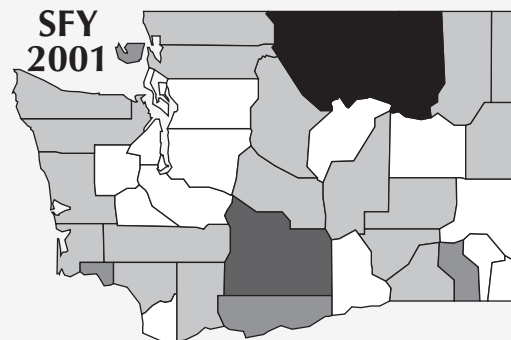
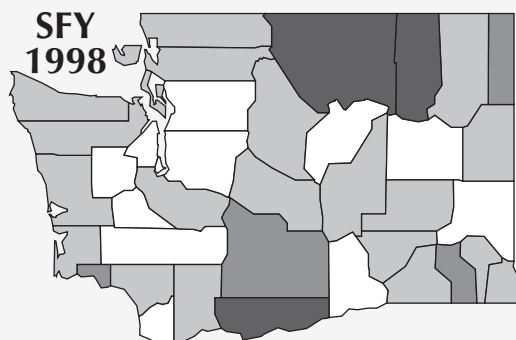
While the overall number of adults undergoing detoxification has remained relatively stable, the number of DASA-funded adult detoxifications for methamphetamine has increased from 458 in SFY 1998 to 832 in SFY 2002, representing an 82% increase. Detoxification is often a necessary precursor to chemical dependency treatment.

Washington State Adult Treatment Admissions for Alcohol Per 100,000 in Population



Washington State Department of Social Health Services, Division of Alcohol & Substance Abuse

TARGET Treatment Admissions to Publicly Funded Treatment Service





Washington State Adult Treatment Admissions* Primary Drug = Alcohol

County Name	SFY 1997		SFY 1998		SFY 1999		SFY 2000		SFY 2001		SFY 2002	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Adams	51	319.0	41	254.8	39	240.9	30	182.6	43	259.0	55	331.1
Asotin	116	572.2	72	346.4	64	310.5	63	306.6	49	236.7	23	111.1
Benton	249	182.4	261	189.3	322	229.3	300	210.6	309	213.4	354	239.8
Chelan	295	447.4	282	424.6	279	417.0	310	465.4	259	386.0	232	343.2
Clallam	226	359.4	257	405.1	261	405.5	268	415.3	319	492.3	236	363.6
Clark	700	220.6	704	214.8	600	177.7	629	182.2	718	203.6	649	178.6
Columbia	56	1,237.0	27	602.1	32	749.1	32	787.4	24	585.4	33	804.9
Cowlitz	334	368.1	270	294.7	366	394.8	425	457.2	440	468.6	384	406.8
Douglas	61	195.2	62	193.5	71	218.3	85	260.7	74	225.6	57	172.2
Ferry	70	982.2	62	880.4	100	1,375.3	69	950.4	79	1,082.2	60	821.9
Franklin	182	385.5	177	370.7	174	360.2	171	346.5	178	353.2	196	382.1
Garfield	14	621.7	8	351.0	9	376.9	7	292.0	1	41.7	12	500.0
Grant	244	346.4	251	347.3	186	252.9	205	274.4	209	275.4	235	307.6
Grays Harbor	276	404.8	267	395.0	274	406.8	237	352.7	217	316.8	214	312.9
Island	167	242.1	185	265.8	197	279.4	207	289.3	151	208.6	153	209.3
Jefferson	102	406.1	86	337.9	143	557.2	87	335.2	80	306.5	71	266.9
King	3413	203.2	3664	215.3	4238	246.4	3929	226.2	3351	190.6	3,100	174.7
Kitsap	519	227.5	346	150.5	395	172.1	373	160.8	374	160.2	559	238.2
Kittitas	86	266.0	95	294.0	85	246.1	98	293.7	113	332.4	103	296.0
Klickitat	111	595.9	160	867.0	101	537.4	135	704.6	113	585.5	80	414.5
Lewis	208	308.8	155	228.2	183	267.0	149	217.2	168	241.7	210	299.1
Lincoln	26	263.1	24	238.1	29	285.9	46	451.7	29	284.3	26	254.9
Mason	78	165.0	98	204.5	149	307.1	182	368.4	122	246.0	141	283.1
Okanogan	281	697.7	377	956.2	496	1,258.0	452	1,142.5	457	1,151.1	314	788.9
Pacific	86	413.2	72	344.0	57	271.7	75	357.4	62	295.2	99	471.4
Pend Oreille	50	423.2	64	540.2	80	686.5	81	690.4	58	491.5	54	457.6
Pierce	1781	266.6	1869	274.7	1940	280.5	1495	213.3	1457	204.2	1,290	177.9
San Juan	44	340.9	51	385.2	51	363.8	53	376.5	74	513.9	50	342.5
Skagit	453	463.0	479	479.7	470	460.5	460	446.7	484	464.9	356	338.7
Skamania	35	366.1	32	334.7	29	302.6	33	334.3	30	303.0	57	575.8
Snohomish	1183	212.4	1168	202.7	1437	242.9	1491	246.0	1477	238.8	1,018	162.1
Spokane	1196	292.0	1083	261.9	1138	273.1	1214	290.5	1317	311.8	1,116	262.2
Stevens	109	289.8	114	299.0	118	304.4	97	242.1	112	277.9	131	324.3
Thurston	439	220.5	384	189.7	353	171.7	410	197.7	392	186.5	457	215.3
Wahkiakum	26	669.6	22	566.3	23	593.5	36	941.4	25	657.9	23	605.3
Walla Walla	165	298.7	169	304.4	184	333.9	171	309.9	184	333.3	146	263.5
Whatcom	684	434.4	703	438.8	777	473.0	782	468.8	815	477.7	736	427.4
Whitman	31	76.0	62	151.0	68	165.1	79	193.9	71	176.2	55	135.5
Yakima	1340	598.4	1521	682.6	1998	893.6	1904	855.4	1959	872.6	1,472	654.2
Total	15,487	273.4	15,724	273.5	17,516	300.4	16,870	286.2	16,394	274.4	14,557	240.9

* Excludes detox, transitional housing, group care enhancement, private pay, and Department of Corrections. Includes total admissions - counts may be duplicated for an individual based on multiple admissions or multiple modalities of care.

Washington State Adult Treatment Admissions for Marijuana Per 100,000 in Population



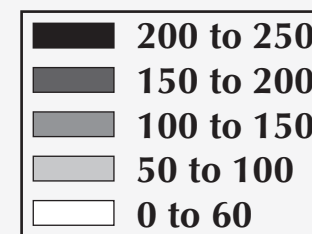
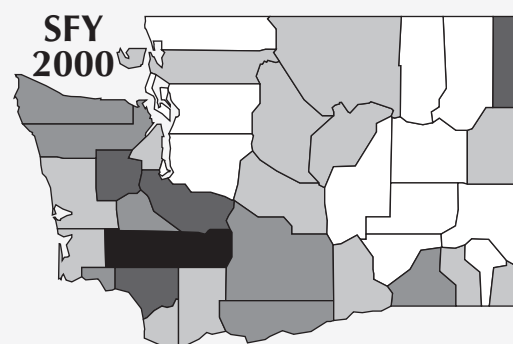
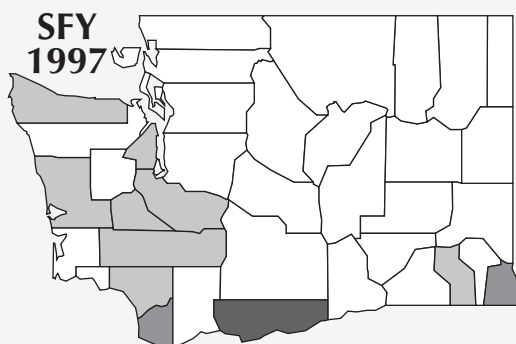


Washington State Adult Treatment Admissions* Primary Drug = Marijuana

County Name	SFY 1997		SFY 1998		SFY 1999		SFY 2000		SFY 2001		SFY 2002	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Adams	4	25.0	2	12.4	1	6.2	2	12.2	9	54.2	2	12.0
Asotin	26	128.2	15	72.2	12	58.2	13	63.3	14	67.6	18	87.0
Benton	58	42.5	66	47.9	93	66.2	86	60.4	121	83.6	111	75.2
Chelan	47	71.3	69	103.9	62	92.7	50	75.1	77	114.8	68	100.6
Clallam	34	54.1	52	82.0	73	113.4	91	141.0	125	192.9	80	123.3
Clark	162	51.1	155	47.3	210	62.2	194	56.2	307	87.1	214	58.9
Columbia	5	110.4	7	156.1	3	70.2	4	98.4	5	122.0	7	170.7
Cowlitz	75	82.7	72	78.6	67	72.3	106	114.0	100	106.5	81	85.8
Douglas	11	35.2	7	21.8	14	43.0	18	55.2	17	51.8	12	36.3
Ferry	13	182.4	7	99.4	16	220.1	9	124.0	9	123.3	11	150.7
Franklin	23	48.7	18	37.7	32	66.2	26	52.7	31	61.5	43	83.8
Garfield	5	222.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	41.7	3	125.0
Grant	42	59.6	33	45.7	38	51.7	42	56.2	28	36.9	56	73.3
Grays Harbor	61	89.5	53	78.4	56	83.1	47	69.9	51	74.5	77	112.6
Island	23	33.3	25	35.9	28	39.7	49	68.5	28	38.7	25	34.2
Jefferson	18	71.7	27	106.1	27	105.2	22	84.8	26	99.6	21	78.9
King	388	23.1	492	28.9	644	37.4	741	42.7	761	43.3	611	34.4
Kitsap	121	53.0	90	39.2	105	45.7	92	39.7	129	55.3	148	63.1
Kittitas	16	49.5	23	71.2	18	52.1	27	80.9	16	47.1	19	54.6
Klickitat	21	112.7	39	211.3	27	143.7	30	156.6	35	181.3	15	77.7
Lewis	42	62.4	40	58.9	74	108.0	76	110.8	72	103.6	55	78.3
Lincoln	7	70.8	5	49.6	6	59.1	6	58.9	7	68.6	3	29.4
Mason	20	42.3	15	31.3	26	53.6	46	93.1	45	90.7	25	50.2
Okanogan	19	47.2	24	60.9	25	63.4	45	113.7	51	128.5	38	95.5
Pacific	12	57.7	33	157.7	20	95.3	19	90.5	25	119.0	21	100.0
Pend Oreille	5	42.3	11	92.8	21	180.2	17	144.9	9	76.3	11	93.2
Pierce	331	49.5	424	62.3	546	79.0	578	82.5	591	82.8	426	58.8
San Juan	10	77.5	10	75.5	8	57.1	15	106.6	26	180.6	16	109.6
Skagit	72	73.6	74	74.1	100	98.0	119	115.6	128	123.0	116	110.4
Skamania	11	115.1	8	83.7	11	114.8	12	121.6	12	121.2	8	80.8
Snohomish	165	29.6	200	34.7	258	43.6	383	63.2	387	62.6	265	42.2
Spokane	261	63.7	230	55.6	308	73.9	373	89.2	397	94.0	264	62.0
Stevens	12	31.9	31	81.3	26	67.1	30	74.9	30	74.4	29	71.8
Thurston	121	60.8	75	37.1	92	44.8	135	65.1	138	65.7	174	82.0
Wahkiakum	3	77.3	3	77.2	7	180.6	8	209.2	3	78.9	4	105.3
Walla Walla	27	48.9	36	64.8	41	74.4	60	108.7	72	130.4	28	50.5
Whatcom	80	50.8	99	61.8	123	74.9	116	69.5	177	103.8	172	99.9
Whitman	18	44.1	11	26.8	9	21.8	14	34.4	25	62.0	14	34.5
Yakima	233	104.1	326	146.3	446	199.5	497	223.3	562	250.3	447	198.7
Total	2,602	45.9	2,907	50.6	3,673	63.0	4,198	71.2	4,647	77.8	3,738	61.9

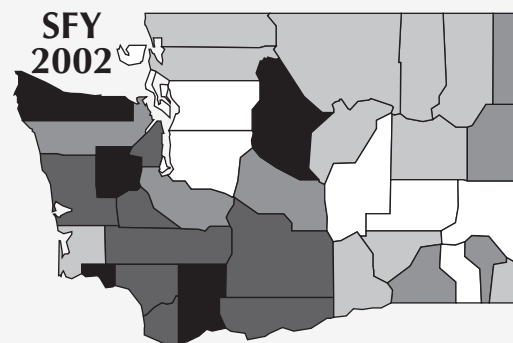
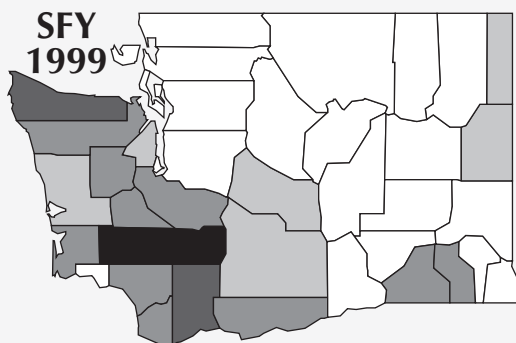
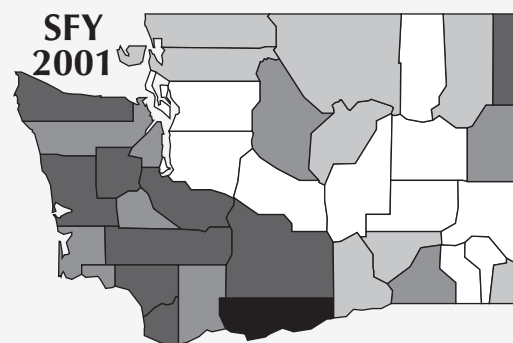
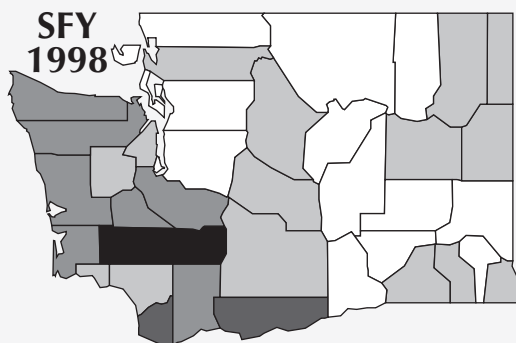
* Excludes detox, transitional housing, group care enhancement, private pay, and Department of Corrections. Includes total admissions - counts may be duplicated for an individual based on multiple admissions or multiple modalities of care.

Washington State Adult Treatment Admissions for Methamphetamine Per 100,000 in Population



Washington State Department of Social Health Services, Division of Alcohol & Substance Abuse

TARGET Treatment Admissions to Publicly Funded Treatment Service



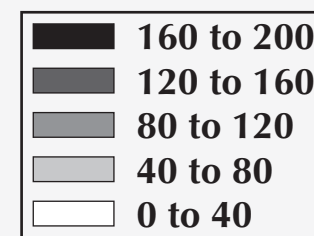
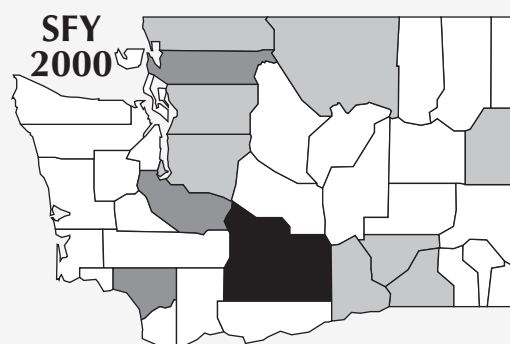
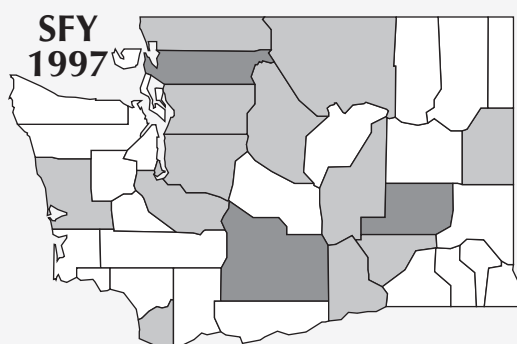


Washington State Adult Treatment Admissions* Primary Drug = Methamphetamine

County Name	SFY 1997		SFY 1998		SFY 1999		SFY 2000		SFY 2001		SFY 2002	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Adams	1	6.3	4	24.9	1	6.2	3	18.3	0	0.0	5	30.1
Asotin	21	103.6	17	81.8	10	48.5	16	77.9	20	96.6	21	101.4
Benton	61	44.7	55	39.9	69	49.1	87	61.1	131	90.5	165	111.8
Chelan	18	27.3	35	52.7	20	29.9	44	66.1	75	111.8	137	202.7
Clallam	48	76.3	72	113.5	100	155.4	91	141.0	105	162.0	152	234.2
Clark	356	112.2	546	166.6	478	141.6	493	142.8	679	192.6	576	158.5
Columbia	4	88.4	3	66.9	5	117.0	3	73.8	2	48.8	1	24.4
Cowlitz	73	80.5	71	77.5	130	140.2	169	181.8	181	192.8	185	196.0
Douglas	4	12.8	13	40.6	13	40.0	22	67.5	22	67.1	33	99.7
Ferry	3	42.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	41.1	5	68.5
Franklin	13	27.5	9	18.8	23	47.6	18	36.5	36	71.4	29	56.5
Garfield	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	41.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	166.7
Grant	16	22.7	14	19.4	11	15.0	12	16.1	22	29.0	36	47.1
Grays Harbor	59	86.5	86	127.2	56	83.1	59	87.8	105	153.3	126	184.2
Island	3	4.3	16	23.0	13	18.4	20	27.9	34	47.0	32	43.8
Jefferson	7	27.9	31	121.8	38	148.1	32	123.3	32	122.6	28	105.3
King	234	13.9	363	21.3	397	23.1	454	26.1	580	33.0	659	37.1
Kitsap	141	61.8	196	85.3	178	77.5	206	88.8	271	116.1	363	154.7
Kittitas	12	37.1	23	71.2	21	60.8	30	89.9	14	41.2	43	123.6
Klickitat	36	193.3	32	173.4	24	127.7	21	109.6	48	248.7	34	176.2
Lewis	65	96.5	137	201.7	168	245.1	152	221.6	118	169.8	136	193.7
Lincoln	2	20.2	6	59.5	1	9.9	3	29.5	2	19.6	10	98.0
Mason	20	42.3	31	64.7	55	113.4	75	151.8	88	177.4	108	216.9
Okanogan	2	5.0	11	27.9	12	30.4	20	50.6	24	60.5	21	52.8
Pacific	4	19.2	22	105.1	22	104.9	11	52.4	26	123.8	33	157.1
Pend Oreille	1	8.5	10	84.4	8	68.6	22	187.5	19	161.0	13	110.2
Pierce	472	70.6	798	117.3	969	140.1	1108	158.1	1272	178.3	1079	148.8
San Juan	4	31.0	4	30.2	4	28.5	8	56.8	8	55.6	7	47.9
Skagit	26	26.6	64	64.1	41	40.2	72	69.9	99	95.1	103	98.0
Skamania	4	41.8	13	136.0	16	166.9	8	81.0	11	111.1	42	424.2
Snohomish	106	19.0	181	31.4	212	35.8	244	40.3	279	45.1	301	47.9
Spokane	170	41.5	227	54.9	294	70.6	372	89.0	522	123.6	462	108.6
Stevens	14	37.2	21	55.1	19	49.0	19	47.4	23	57.1	23	56.9
Thurston	110	55.3	245	121.1	209	101.7	222	107.1	265	126.1	342	161.1
Wahkiakum	0	0.0	3	77.2	1	25.8	5	130.8	5	131.6	10	263.2
Walla Walla	24	43.4	55	99.1	60	108.9	68	123.2	59	106.9	66	119.1
Whatcom	24	15.2	30	18.7	50	30.4	74	44.4	92	53.9	142	82.5
Whitman	5	12.3	8	19.5	7	17.0	6	14.7	10	24.8	19	46.8
Yakima	55	24.6	165	74.0	219	97.9	241	108.3	418	186.2	379	168.4
Total	2,218	39.2	3,617	62.9	3,955	67.8	4,510	76.5	5,700	95.4	5,930	98.2

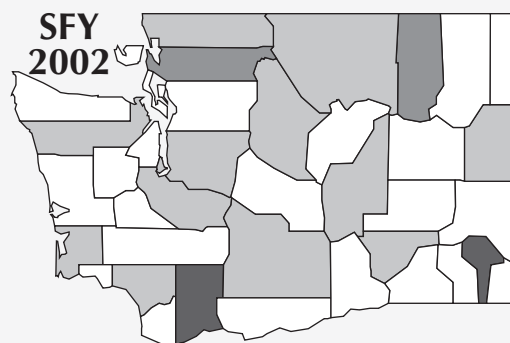
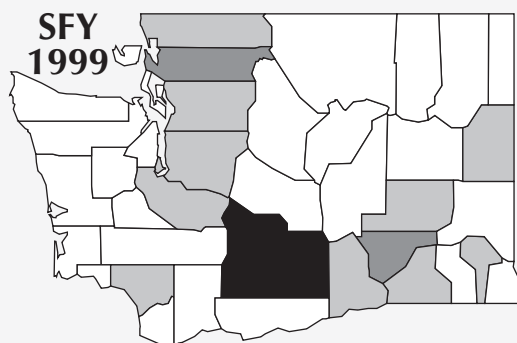
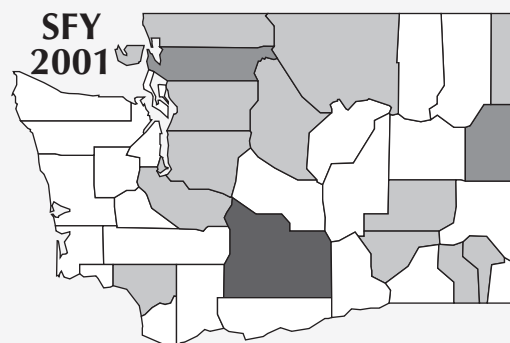
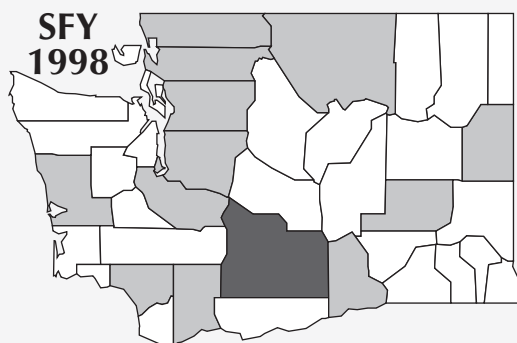
* Excludes detox, transitional housing, group care enhancement, private pay, and Department of Corrections. Includes total admissions - counts may be duplicated for an individual based on multiple admissions or multiple modalities of care.

Washington State Adult Treatment Admissions for Cocaine Per 100,000 in Population



Washington State Department of Social Health Services, Division of Alcohol & Substance Abuse

TARGET Treatment Admissions to Publicly Funded Treatment Service



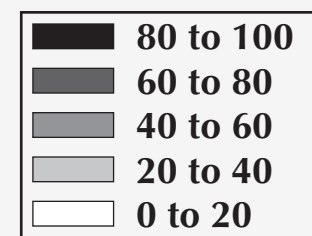
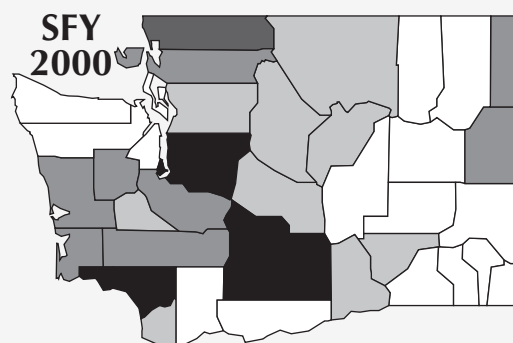
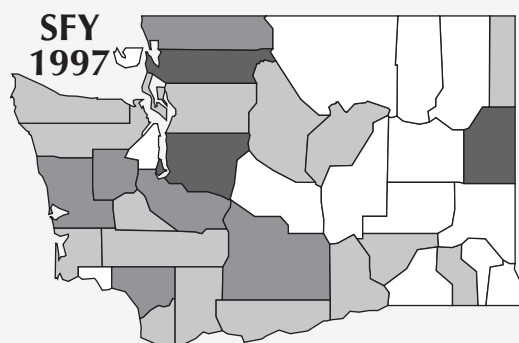


Washington State Adult Treatment Admissions* Primary Drug = Cocaine

County Name	SFY 1997		SFY 1998		SFY 1999		SFY 2000		SFY 2001		SFY 2002	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Adams	18	112.6	10	62.1	8	49.4	6	36.5	8	48.2	4	24.1
Asotin	4	19.7	1	4.8	3	14.6	2	9.7	1	4.8	0	0.0
Benton	55	40.3	37	26.8	77	54.8	57	40.0	53	36.6	46	31.2
Chelan	35	53.1	29	43.7	18	26.9	21	31.5	27	40.2	28	41.4
Clallam	16	25.4	10	15.8	20	31.1	14	21.7	16	24.7	14	21.6
Clark	166	52.3	128	39.0	117	34.7	84	24.3	109	30.9	116	31.9
Columbia	0	0.0	1	22.3	0	0.0	1	24.6	2	48.8	0	0.0
Cowlitz	70	77.2	55	60.0	46	49.6	83	89.3	71	75.6	51	54.0
Douglas	7	22.4	5	15.6	4	12.3	12	36.8	7	21.3	6	18.1
Ferry	0	0.0	1	14.2	1	13.8	1	13.8	0	0.0	6	82.2
Franklin	31	65.7	15	31.4	43	89.0	31	62.8	33	65.5	30	58.5
Garfield	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	41.9	0	0.0	1	41.7	3	125.0
Grant	38	54.0	26	36.0	21	28.6	28	37.5	20	26.4	40	52.4
Grays Harbor	49	71.9	39	57.7	25	37.1	16	23.8	20	29.2	7	10.2
Island	11	15.9	12	17.2	15	21.3	13	18.2	10	13.8	10	13.7
Jefferson	4	15.9	3	11.8	2	7.8	1	3.9	3	11.5	11	41.4
King	1167	69.5	1138	66.9	1372	79.8	1386	79.8	1223	69.6	974	54.9
Kitsap	89	39.0	44	19.1	47	20.5	53	22.8	53	22.7	61	26.0
Kittitas	8	24.7	3	9.3	2	5.8	7	21.0	4	11.8	5	14.4
Klickitat	5	26.8	6	32.5	2	10.6	4	20.9	3	15.5	1	5.2
Lewis	5	7.4	8	11.8	6	8.8	10	14.6	3	4.3	2	2.8
Lincoln	1	10.1	1	9.9	3	29.6	1	9.8	1	9.8	1	9.8
Mason	3	6.3	11	23.0	13	26.8	11	22.3	14	28.2	8	16.1
Okanogan	19	47.2	21	53.3	10	25.4	19	48.0	23	57.9	17	42.7
Pacific	6	28.8	6	28.7	5	23.8	5	23.8	4	19.0	12	57.1
Pend Oreille	2	16.9	3	25.3	1	8.6	2	17.0	6	50.8	2	16.9
Pierce	493	73.8	521	76.6	641	92.7	577	82.3	514	72.0	416	57.4
San Juan	4	31.0		0.0		0.0	3	21.3	9	62.5	5	34.2
Skagit	97	99.1	69	69.1	111	108.7	119	115.6	98	94.1	88	83.7
Skamania	3	31.4	4	41.8	1	10.4	1	10.1	2	20.2	15	151.5
Snohomish	312	56.0	350	60.7	377	63.7	355	58.6	351	56.7	243	38.7
Spokane	277	67.6	242	58.5	296	71.0	301	72.0	348	82.4	238	55.9
Stevens	10	26.6	2	5.2	6	15.5	9	22.5	4	9.9	8	19.8
Thurston	54	27.1	33	16.3	53	25.8	56	27.0	45	21.4	59	27.8
Wahkiakum	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	26.2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Walla Walla	10	18.1	12	21.6	25	45.4	23	41.7	16	29.0	8	14.4
Whatcom	74	47.0	87	54.3	81	49.3	99	59.3	105	61.5	87	50.5
Whitman	1	2.5	1	2.4	1	2.4	2	4.9	9	22.3	8	19.7
Yakima	268	119.7	297	133.3	400	178.9	365	164.0	359	159.9	280	124.4
Total	3,412	60.2	3,231	56.2	3,854	66.1	3,779	64.1	3,575	59.8	2,910	48.2

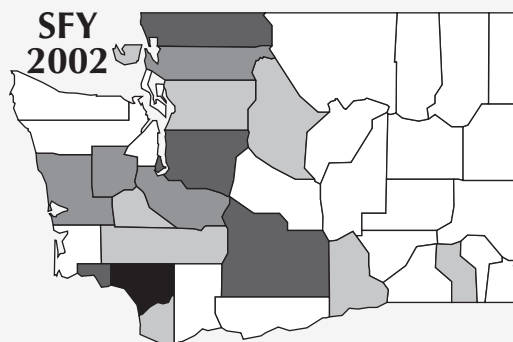
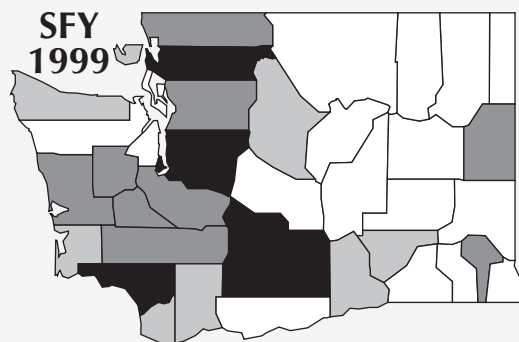
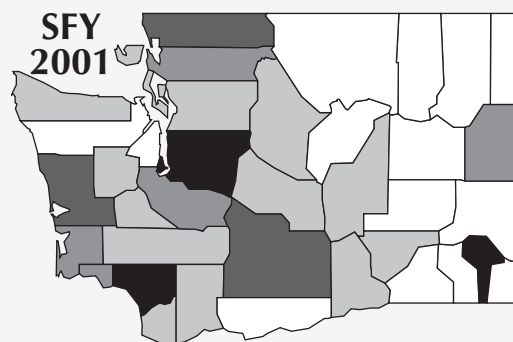
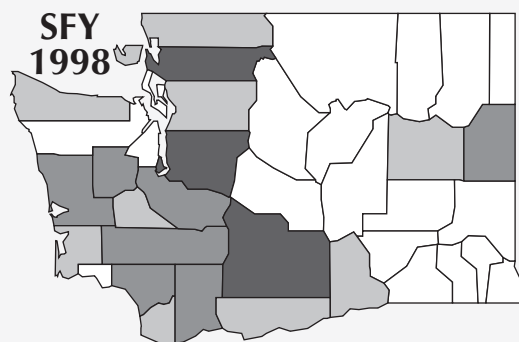
* Excludes detox, transitional housing, group care enhancement, private pay, and Department of Corrections. Includes total admissions - counts may be duplicated for an individual based on multiple admissions or multiple modalities of care.

Washington State Adult Treatment Admissions for Heroin Per 100,000 in Population



Washington State Department of Social Health Services, Division of Alcohol & Substance Abuse

TARGET Treatment Admissions to Publicly Funded Treatment Service





Washington State Adult Treatment Admissions* Primary Drug = Heroin

County Name	SFY 1997		SFY 1998		SFY 1999		SFY 2000		SFY 2001		SFY 2002	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Adams	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	12.4	1	6.1	2	12.0	1	6.0
Asotin	4	19.7	4	19.2	2	9.7	3	14.6	4	19.3	0	0.0
Benton	39	28.6	47	34.1	55	39.2	33	23.2	34	23.5	31	21.0
Chelan	21	31.8	11	16.6	15	22.4	23	34.5	25	37.3	16	23.7
Clallam	15	23.9	19	29.9	20	31.1	12	18.6	14	21.6	8	12.3
Clark	89	28.0	130	39.7	118	35.0	113	32.7	125	35.5	131	36.0
Columbia	1	22.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	24.4
Cowlitz	40	44.1	53	57.9	86	92.8	158	170.0	93	99.0	89	94.3
Douglas	7	22.4	7	21.8	3	9.2	8	24.5	5	15.2	4	12.1
Ferry	0	0.0	1	14.2	0	0.0	1	13.8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Franklin	11	23.3	9	18.8	16	33.1	16	32.4	16	31.7	9	17.5
Garfield	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	41.9	0	0.0	2	83.3	0	0.0
Grant	12	17.0	11	15.2	10	13.6	8	10.7	22	29.0	5	6.5
Grays Harbor	29	42.5	29	42.9	33	49.0	39	58.0	45	65.7	31	45.3
Island	19	27.5	8	11.5	11	15.6	8	11.2	16	22.1	5	6.8
Jefferson	6	23.9	2	7.9	5	19.5	2	7.7	4	15.3	2	7.5
King	1298	77.3	1322	77.7	1382	80.3	1807	104.0	1406	80.0	1200	67.7
Kitsap	33	14.5	35	15.2	34	14.8	28	12.1	27	11.6	37	15.8
Kittitas	3	9.3	3	9.3	3	8.7	9	27.0	8	23.5	3	8.6
Klickitat	4	21.5	4	21.7	2	10.6	2	10.4	2	10.4	0	0.0
Lewis	18	26.7	34	50.1	38	55.4	30	43.7	17	24.5	20	28.5
Lincoln		0.0	3	29.8	1	9.9	1	9.8	0	0.0	1	9.8
Mason	21	44.4	24	50.1	25	51.5	27	54.7	19	38.3	22	44.2
Okanogan	5	12.4	5	12.7	1	2.5	8	20.2	3	7.6	2	5.0
Pacific	7	33.6	5	23.9	8	38.1	11	52.4	11	52.4	4	19.0
Pend Oreille	3	25.4	1	8.4	1	8.6	5	42.6	1	8.5	0	0.0
Pierce	376	56.3	405	59.5	396	57.3	342	48.8	414	58.0	367	50.6
San Juan	1	7.7	4	30.2	4	28.5	7	49.7	5	34.7	4	27.4
Skagit	60	61.3	68	68.1	92	90.1	60	58.3	55	52.8	46	43.8
Skamania	2	20.9	5	52.3	2	20.9	0	0.0	3	30.3	1	10.1
Snohomish	186	33.4	159	27.6	272	46.0	230	38.0	195	31.5	151	24.0
Spokane	246	60.1	207	50.1	201	48.2	246	58.9	223	52.8	174	40.9
Stevens	6	16.0	2	5.2	3	7.7	4	10.0	3	7.4	4	9.9
Thurston	76	38.2	76	37.6	108	52.5	71	34.2	78	37.1	83	39.1
Wahkiakum	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	129.0	6	156.9	2	52.6	3	78.9
Walla Walla	6	10.9	4	7.2	9	16.3	9	16.3	6	10.9	4	7.2
Whatcom	80	50.8	74	46.2	71	43.2	114	68.3	123	72.1	120	69.7
Whitman	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	4.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Yakima	128	57.2	175	78.5	195	87.2	222	99.7	164	73.1	176	78.2
Total	2,852	50.4	2,946	51.2	3,232	55.4	3,664	62.2	3,172	53.1	2,755	45.6

* Excludes detox, transitional housing, group care enhancement, private pay, and Department of Corrections. Includes total admissions - counts may be duplicated for an individual based on multiple admissions or multiple modalities of care.

Treatment Admission Trends

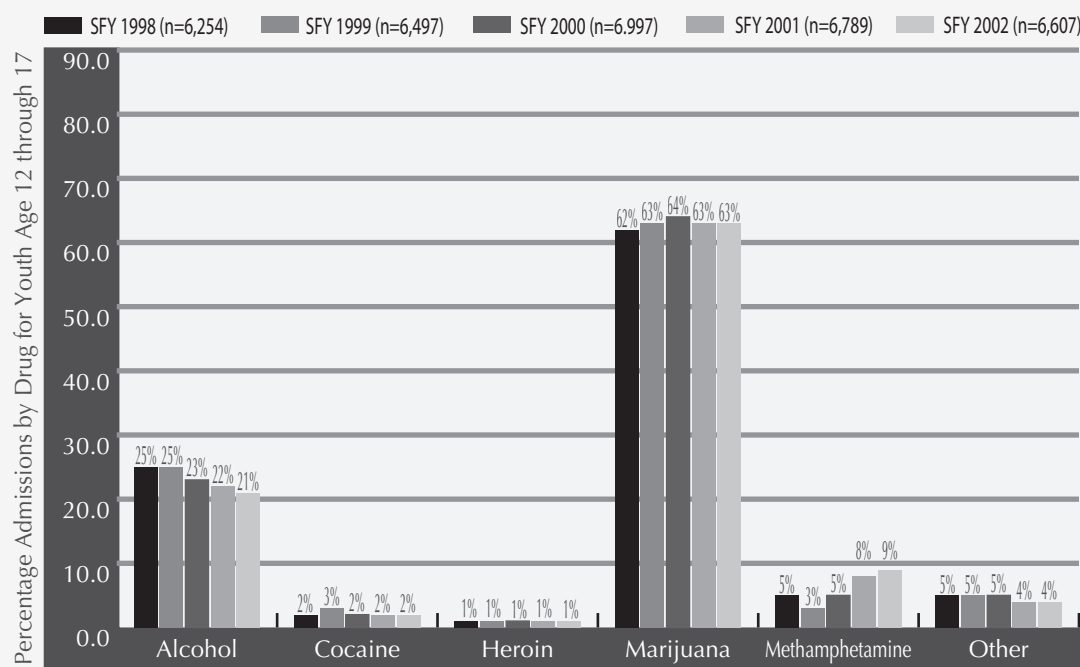
**Treatment
Admission**

Adult

Youth



Marijuana is the Most Frequently Cited Primary Drug of Abuse in Youth Admissions to DASA-Funded Treatment.*



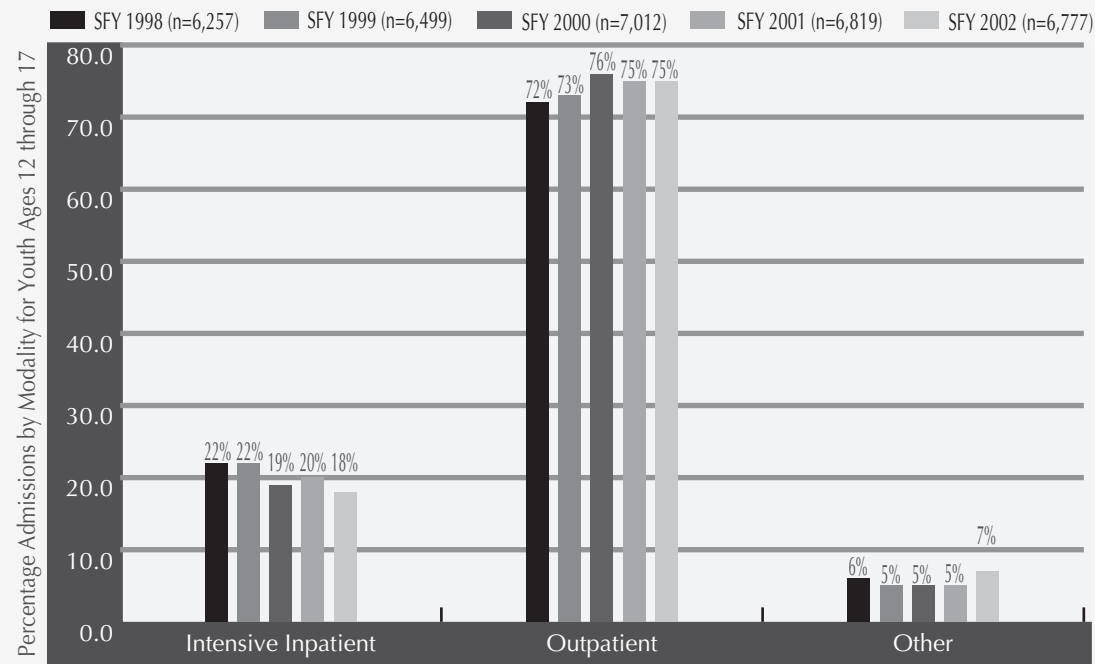
Source: Treatment and Assessment Report Generation Tool (TARGET), Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse, Department of Social and Health Services.

This graph indicates that for the past five years, marijuana was the primary drug of abuse for a plurality of youth admissions to DASA-funded treatment. Youth admissions for methamphetamine abuse have almost doubled in the same period, from 319 in SFY 1998 to 611 in SFY 2002.

Note: Data may include multiple admissions for a single individual over the course of a year.

*Excludes detoxification and transitional housing.

The Majority of Youth Admissions to DASA-Funded Chemical Dependency Treatment are for Outpatient Services.*



Source: Treatment and Assessment Report Generation Tool (TARGET), Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse, Department of Social and Health Services.

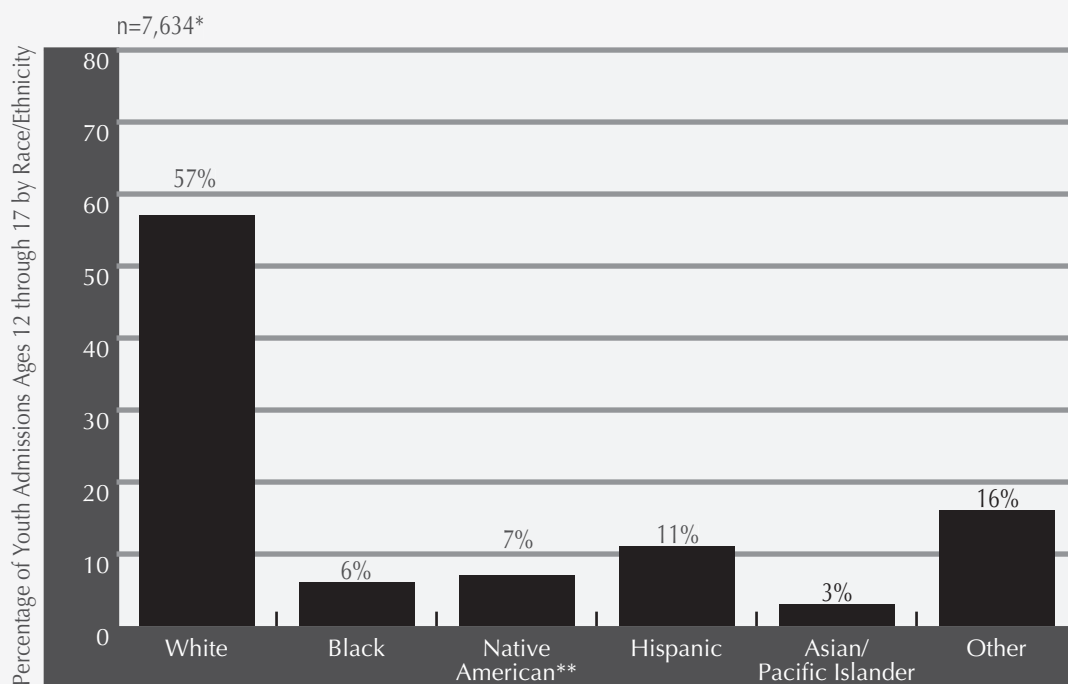
Three-quarters of youth admissions to DASA-funded chemical dependency treatment services are for outpatient treatment (including intensive outpatient).

Note: Data may include multiple admissions for a single individual over the course of a year. "Other" includes group care enhancement, recovery house, long-term residential, methadone, and treatment services for those with co-occurring disorders.

*Excludes detoxification and transitional housing.



In SFY 2002, Racial and Ethnic Minorities Comprised 43% of Youth Admissions to DASA-Funded Chemical Dependency Treatment Services.



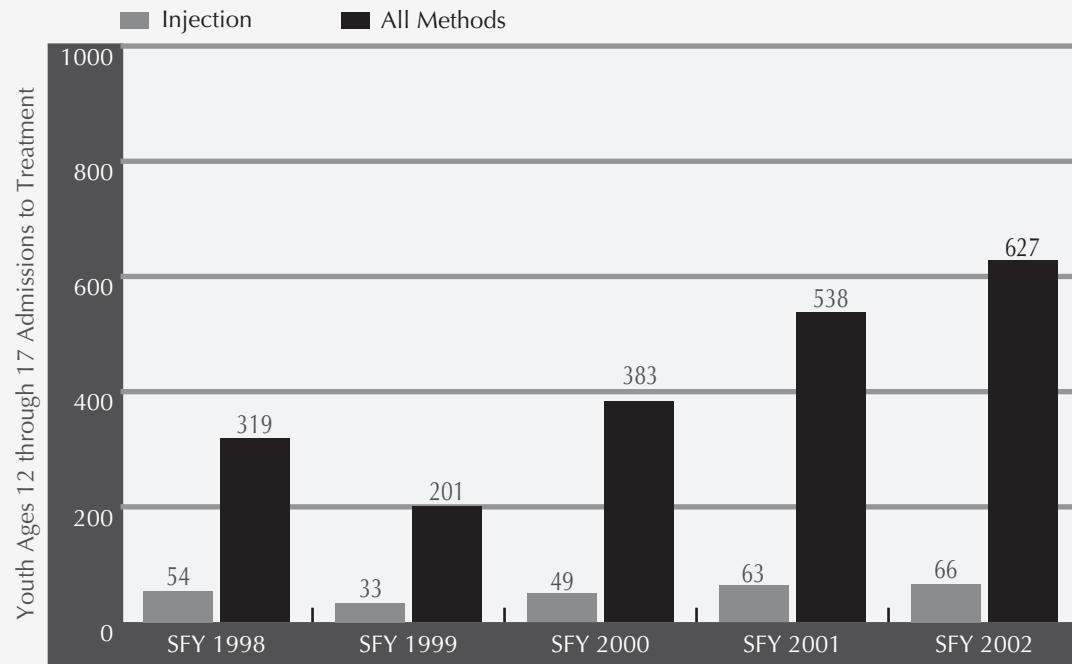
Source: Treatment and Assessment Report Generation Tool (TARGET), Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse, Department of Social and Health Services.

This graph indicates that racial/ethnic minorities comprise approximately 43% of youth admissions to DASA-funded chemical dependency treatment services. Percentages of youth from different groups receiving DASA-funded treatment vary across modalities.

* In the new U.S. Census, "Hispanic" is listed as an ethnicity, rather than as a racial group. Hence, Hispanic admissions may be duplicated in the racial categories.

**Includes Eskimo/Alaskan Native/Aleut

DASA-Funded Youth Treatment Admissions for Methamphetamine Use Have Quadrupled Since 1997.



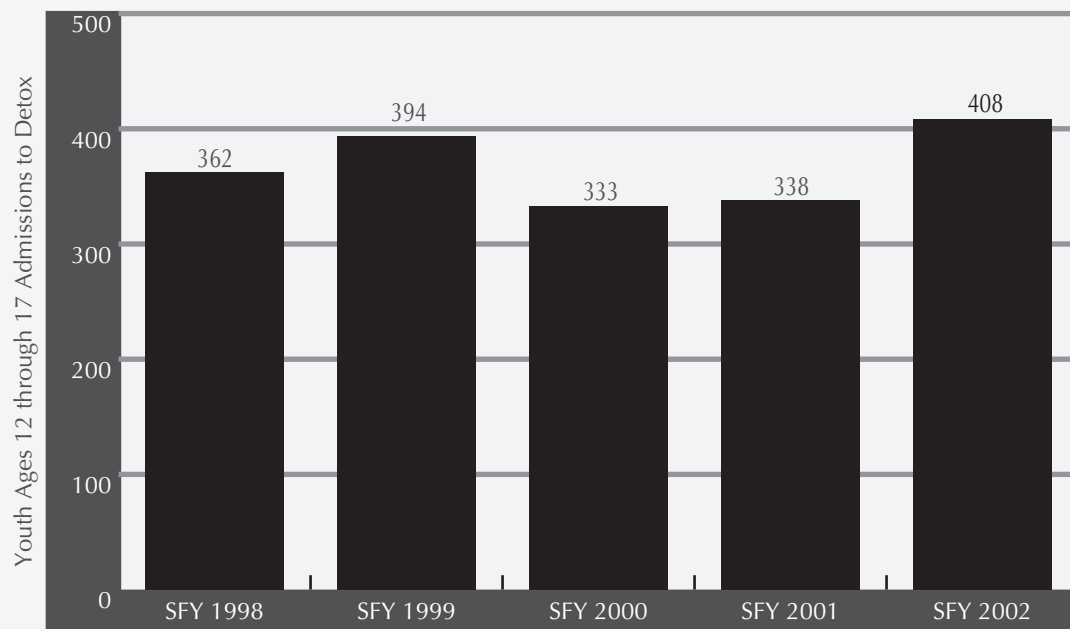
Source: Treatment and Assessment Report Generation Tool (TARGET), Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse, Department of Social and Health Services.

While DASA-funded adult treatment admissions for methamphetamine use have peaked, youth admissions continue to rise, from 167 in SFY 1997 to 627 in SFY 2002. Youth are far less likely to inject methamphetamine than adults.

Note: Data excludes detoxification and transitional housing, private-pay, and Department of Corrections admissions; includes total unduplicated admissions within counties.



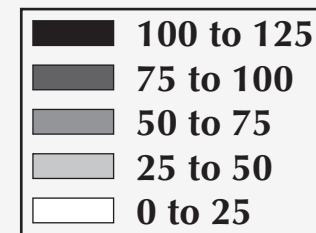
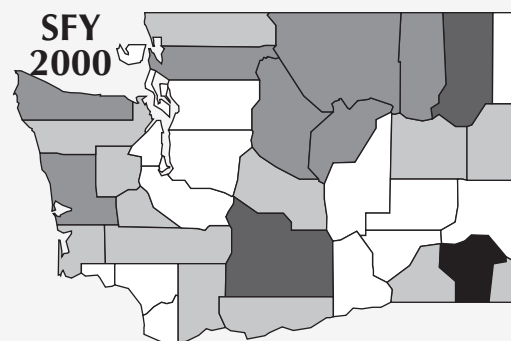
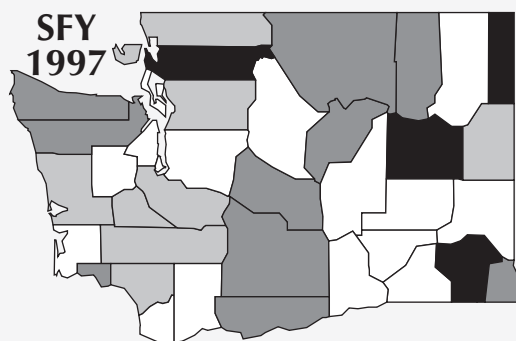
The Number of Youth Receiving DASA-Funded Detoxification Has Remained Relatively Stable Over the Past Five Years.



Source: Treatment and Assessment Report Generation Tool (TARGET), Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse, Department of Social and Health Services.

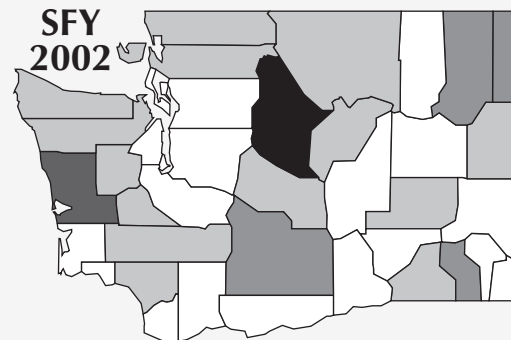
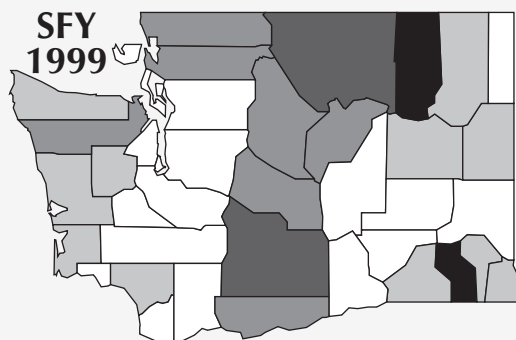
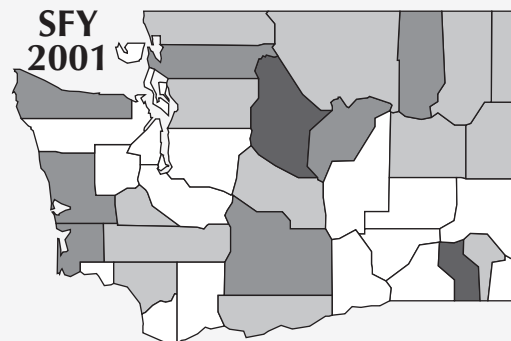
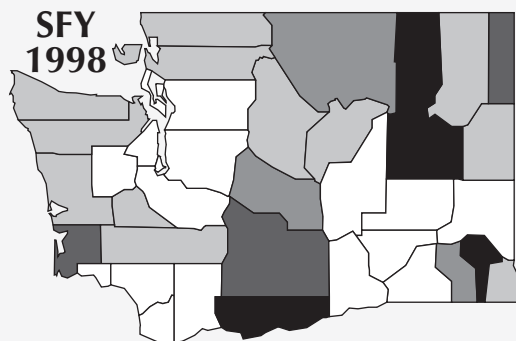
While the overall number of youth undergoing detoxification has remained relatively stable over the past five years, the number of DASA-funded youth detoxifications for alcohol has increased from 59 in SFY 1998 to 135 in SFY 2002, representing a 129% increase. Detoxification from alcohol can be particularly dangerous, and requires close supervision. Detoxification is often a necessary precursor to chemical dependency treatment.

Washington State Youth Treatment Admissions for Alcohol Per 100,000 in Population



Washington State Department of Social Health Services, Division of Alcohol & Substance Abuse

TARGET Treatment Admissions to Publicly Funded Treatment Service





Washington State Youth Treatment Admissions * Primary Drug = Alcohol

County Name	SFY 1997		SFY 1998		SFY 1999		SFY 2000		SFY 2001		SFY 2002	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Adams	3	18.8	3	18.6	1	6.2	3	18.3	2	12.0	5	30.1
Asotin	12	59.2	9	43.3	10	48.5	6	29.2	2	9.7	0	0.0
Benton	27	19.8	23	16.7	16	11.4	27	19.0	14	9.7	18	12.2
Chelan	12	18.2	23	34.6	48	71.7	45	67.6	64	95.4	77	113.9
Clallam	42	66.8	31	48.9	32	49.7	45	69.7	34	52.5	24	37.0
Clark	43	13.6	44	13.4	46	13.6	40	11.6	35	9.9	39	10.7
Columbia	7	154.6	3	66.9	6	140.4	5	123.0	4	97.6	3	73.2
Cowlitz	31	34.2	16	17.5	24	25.9	23	24.7	26	27.7	29	30.7
Douglas	19	60.8	9	28.1	22	67.6	18	55.2	18	54.9	14	42.3
Ferry	4	56.1	13	184.6	9	123.8	4	55.1	5	68.5	0	0.0
Franklin	7	14.8	11	23.0	6	12.4	12	24.3	7	13.9	1	1.9
Garfield	5	222.0	4	175.5	1	41.9	5	208.6	1	41.7	0	0.0
Grant	16	22.7	10	13.8	11	15.0	8	10.7	5	6.6	11	14.4
Grays Harbor	23	33.7	19	28.1	33	49.0	45	67.0	48	70.1	52	76.0
Island	14	20.3	8	11.5	7	9.9	16	22.4	18	24.9	18	24.6
Jefferson	13	51.8	8	31.4	17	66.2	9	34.7	2	7.7	10	37.6
King	359	21.4	357	21.0	373	21.7	342	19.7	295	16.8	298	16.8
Kitsap	49	21.5	51	22.2	43	18.7	12	5.2	23	9.9	35	14.9
Kittitas	17	52.6	24	74.3	21	60.8	15	45.0	15	44.1	9	25.9
Klickitat	12	64.4	20	108.4	12	63.9	6	31.3	7	36.3	1	5.2
Lewis	26	38.6	31	45.6	17	24.8	32	46.6	25	36.0	32	45.6
Lincoln	19	192.2	14	138.9	4	39.4	5	49.1	5	49.0	1	9.8
Mason	9	19.0	8	16.7	11	22.7	15	30.4	3	6.0	14	28.1
Okanogan	26	64.6	26	65.9	39	98.9	28	70.8	14	35.3	18	45.2
Pacific	5	24.0	17	81.2	9	42.9	6	28.6	13	61.9	5	23.8
Pend Oreille	12	101.6	11	92.8		0.0	1	8.5	4	33.9	6	50.8
Pierce	192	28.7	132	19.4	129	18.7	125	17.8	102	14.3	84	11.6
San Juan	5	38.7	4	30.2	1	7.1	2	14.2	2	13.9	5	34.2
Skagit	136	139.0	51	51.1	76	74.5	74	71.9	52	50.0	37	35.2
Skamania	2	20.9	1	10.5	1	10.4	3	30.4	0	0.0	2	20.2
Snohomish	149	26.7	109	18.9	96	16.2	109	18.0	159	25.7	99	15.8
Spokane	154	37.6	108	26.1	127	30.5	119	28.5	137	32.4	128	30.1
Stevens	4	10.6	13	34.1	13	33.5	38	94.8	26	64.5	23	56.9
Thurston	71	35.7	83	41.0	51	24.8	52	25.1	81	38.5	74	34.9
Wahkiakum	2	51.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Walla Walla	12	21.7	7	12.6	15	27.2	15	27.2	11	19.9	15	27.1
Whatcom	73	46.4	69	43.1	92	56.0	82	49.2	62	36.3	77	44.7
Whitman	3	7.4	7	17.0	7	17.0	2	4.9	3	7.4	2	4.9
Yakima	132	59.0	183	82.1	223	99.7	186	83.6	157	69.9	128	56.9
Total	1,747	30.8	1,560	27.1	1,649	28.3	1,580	26.8	1,481	24.8	1,394.0	23.1

* Excludes detox, transitional housing, group care enhancement, private pay, and Department of Corrections. Includes total admissions - counts may be duplicated for an individual based on multiple admissions or multiple modalities of care.

Washington State Youth Treatment Admissions for Marijuana Per 100,000 in Population



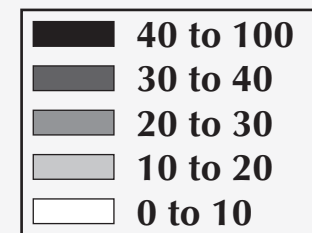
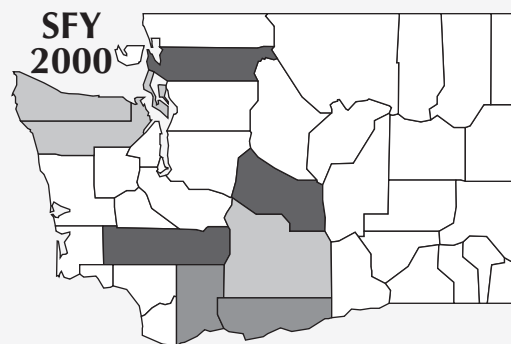
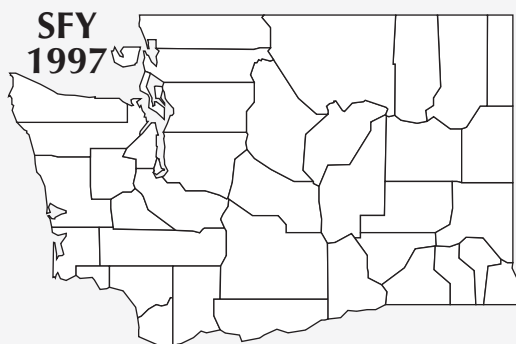


Washington State Youth Treatment Admissions * Primary Drug = Marijuana

County Name	SFY 1997		SFY 1998		SFY 1999		SFY 2000		SFY 2001		SFY 2002	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Adams	7	43.8	2	12.4	2	12.4	7	42.6	4	24.1	0	0
Asotin	23	113.5	14	67.4	21	101.9	18	87.6	6	29	10	48.3
Benton	79	57.9	85	61.6	50	35.6	79	55.4	83	57.3	96	65
Chelan	24	36.4	35	52.7	68	101.6	72	108.1	70	104.3	76	112.4
Clallam	86	136.7	41	64.6	81	125.8	112	173.6	85	131.2	75	115.6
Clark	99	31.2	132	40.3	162	48	157	45.5	193	54.7	139	38.2
Columbia	5	110.4	5	111.5	1	23.4	2	49.2	1	24.4	1	24.4
Cowlitz	58	63.9	41	44.8	38	41	80	86.1	85	90.5	65	68.9
Douglas	23	73.6	12	37.4	21	64.6	11	33.7	30	91.5	9	27.2
Ferry	5	70.2	7	99.4	1	13.8	1	13.8	3	41.1	2	27.4
Franklin	20	42.4	17	35.6	15	31.1	20	40.5	11	21.8	25	48.7
Garfield	1	44.4	2	87.8	3	125.6	1	41.7	1	41.7	0	0
Grant	25	35.5	16	22.1	14	19	15	20.1	18	23.7	28	36.6
Grays Harbor	39	57.2	54	79.9	129	191.5	97	144.4	144	210.2	108	157.9
Island	13	18.8	52	74.7	44	62.4	45	62.9	31	42.8	47	64.3
Jefferson	17	67.7	35	137.5	37	144.2	39	150.3	28	107.3	35	131.6
King	868	51.7	972	57.1	1012	58.8	1200	69.1	1016	57.8	978	55.1
Kitsap	135	59.2	157	68.3	120	52.3	83	35.8	118	50.6	153	65.2
Kittitas	24	74.2	29	89.8	36	104.2	42	125.9	19	55.9	30	86.2
Klickitat	24	128.8	38	205.9	22	117.1	25	130.5	16	82.9	12	62.2
Lewis	59	87.6	68	100.1	50	72.9	90	131.2	102	146.8	108	153.8
Lincoln	10	101.2	9	89.3	8	78.9	5	49.1	2	19.6	5	49
Mason	31	65.6	31	64.7	32	66	51	103.2	44	88.7	62	124.5
Okanogan	16	39.7	8	20.3	15	38	19	48	28	70.5	19	47.7
Pacific	16	76.9	20	95.5	16	76.3	4	19.1	19	90.5	17	81
Pend Oreille	5	42.3	5	42.2	0	0	7	59.7	7	59.3	17	144.1
Pierce	378	56.6	420	61.7	306	44.2	376	53.7	310	43.5	374	51.6
San Juan	8	62	10	75.5	6	42.8	3	21.3	9	62.5	12	82.2
Skagit	142	145.1	113	113.2	120	117.6	153	148.6	138	132.6	71	67.6
Skamania	3	31.4	4	41.8	6	62.6	7	70.9	6	60.6	9	90.9
Snohomish	268	48.1	293	50.9	300	50.7	388	64	349	56.4	338	53.8
Spokane	369	90.1	295	71.3	365	87.6	364	87.1	382	90.4	401	94.2
Stevens	31	82.4	22	57.7	35	90.3	45	112.3	60	148.9	47	116.3
Thurston	136	68.3	181	89.4	181	88.1	160	77.2	193	91.8	147	69.2
Wahkiakum	3	77.3	2	51.5	2	51.6	1	26.2	0	0	4	105.3
Walla Walla	21	38	29	52.2	32	58.1	35	63.4	42	76.1	35	63.2
Whatcom	124	78.8	125	78	132	80.3	155	92.9	137	80.3	168	97.6
Whitman	12	29.4	11	26.8	9	21.8	3	7.4	13	32.3	16	39.4
Yakima	394	176	447	200.6	568	254	526	236.3	480	213.8	473	210.2
Total	3,601	63.6	3,839	66.8	4,060	69.6	4,498	76.3	4,283	71.7	4,212	69.7

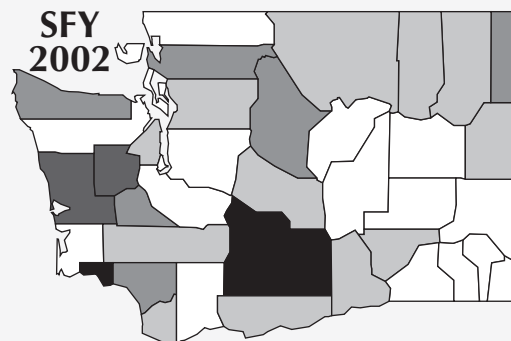
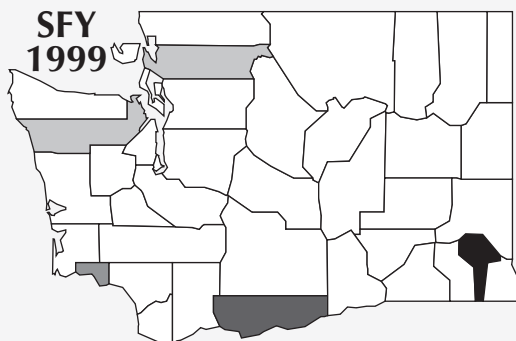
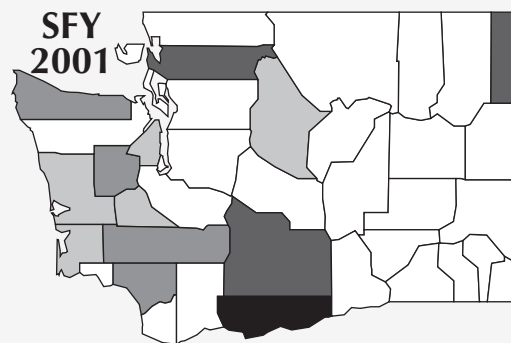
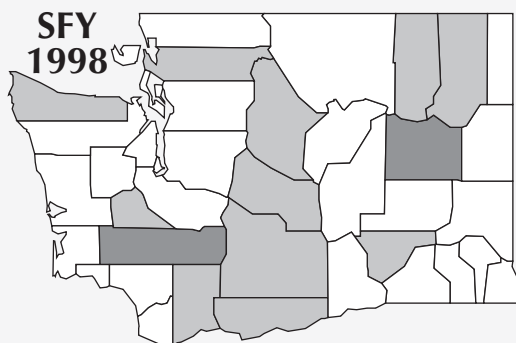
* Excludes detox, transitional housing, group care enhancement, private pay, and Department of Corrections. Includes total admissions - counts may be duplicated for an individual based on multiple admissions or multiple modalities of care.

Washington State Youth Treatment Admissions for Methamphetamine Per 100,000 in Population



Washington State Department of Social Health Services, Division of Alcohol & Substance Abuse

TARGET Treatment Admissions to Publicly Funded Treatment Service



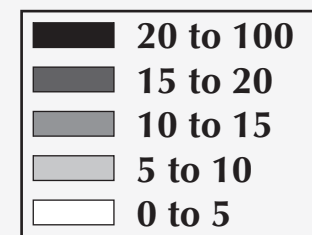
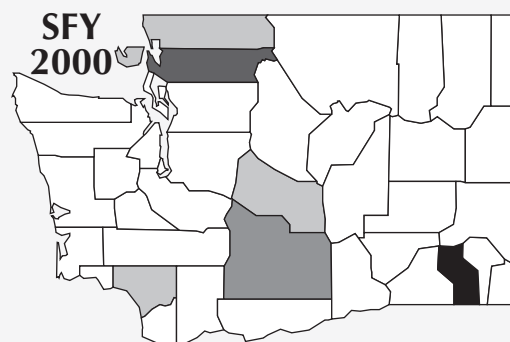
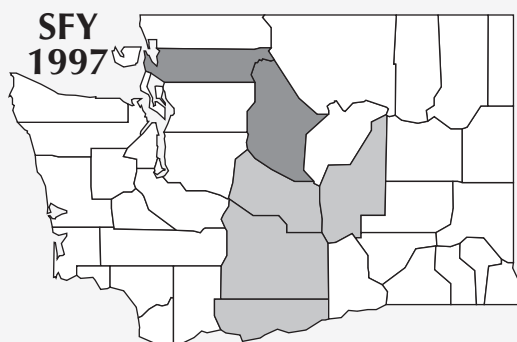


Washington State Youth Treatment Admissions* Primary Drug = Methamphetamine

County Name	SFY 1997		SFY 1998		SFY 1999		SFY 2000		SFY 2001		SFY 2002	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Adams	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Asotin	1	4.9	0	0	1	4.9	1	4.9	0	0	2	9.7
Benton	8	5.9	10	7.3	4	2.8	3	2.1	13	9	17	11.5
Chelan	3	4.5	12	18.1	4	6	4	6	15	22.4	14	20.7
Clallam	6	9.5	11	17.3	6	9.3	10	15.5	17	26.2	15	23.1
Clark	9	2.8	26	7.9	24	7.1	33	9.6	31	8.8	48	13.2
Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cowlitz	5	5.5	8	8.7	5	5.4	9	9.7	26	27.7	27	28.6
Douglas	3	9.6	3	9.4	1	3.1	0	0	3	9.1	2	6
Ferry	0	0	1	14.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	13.7
Franklin	1	2.1	5	10.5	0	0	2	4.1	3	6	6	11.7
Garfield	0	0	0	0	1	41.9	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grant	0	0	4	5.5	0	0	0	0	1	1.3	5	6.5
Grays Harbor	3	4.4	7	10.4	5	7.4	6	8.9	12	17.5	23	33.6
Island	2	2.9	7	10.1	8	11.3	11	15.4	3	4.1	4	5.5
Jefferson	0	0	1	3.9	3	11.7	5	19.3	2	7.7	4	15
King	43	2.6	41	2.4	39	2.3	68	3.9	70	4	75	4.2
Kitsap	12	5.3	17	7.4	8	3.5	26	11.2	31	13.3	31	13.2
Kittitas	1	3.1	6	18.6	4	11.6	11	33	5	14.7	5	14.4
Klickitat	0	0	5	27.1	0	0	5	26.1	11	57	2	10.4
Lewis	7	10.4	26	38.3	8	11.7	26	37.9	21	30.2	14	19.9
Lincoln	0	0	4	39.7	0	0	1	9.8	0	0	0	0
Mason	0	0	6	12.5	2	4.1	7	14.2	14	28.2	15	30.1
Okanogan	0	0	2	5.1	1	2.5	0	0	2	5	4	10.1
Pacific	0	0	0	0	1	4.8	3	14.3	3	14.3	2	9.5
Pend Oreille	0	0	1	8.4	0	0	1	8.5	4	33.9	3	25.4
Pierce	42	6.3	45	6.6	40	5.8	54	7.7	64	9	40	5.5
San Juan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	20.8	0	0
Skagit	17	17.4	24	24	19	18.6	34	33	42	40.3	23	21.9
Skamania	0	0	3	31.4	1	10.4	1	10.1	0	0	0	0
Snohomish	25	4.5	36	6.2	20	3.4	27	4.5	38	6.1	65	10.4
Spokane	25	6.1	38	9.2	15	3.6	40	9.6	42	9.9	51	12
Stevens	0	0	4	10.5	0	0	1	2.5	3	7.4	6	14.9
Thurston	19	9.5	28	13.8	17	8.3	11	5.3	40	19	45	21.2
Wahkiakum	0	0	0	0	1	25.8	0	0	0	0	2	52.6
Walla Walla	2	3.6	5	9	3	5.4	2	3.6	3	5.4	3	5.4
Whatcom	0	0	7	4.4	8	4.9	17	10.2	14	8.2	17	9.9
Whitman	0	0	0	0	1	2.4	1	2.5	1	2.5	0	0
Yakima	14	6.3	46	20.6	20	8.9	34	15.3	80	35.6	102	45.3
Total	248	4.4	439	7.6	270	4.6	454	7.7	617	10.3	673	11.1

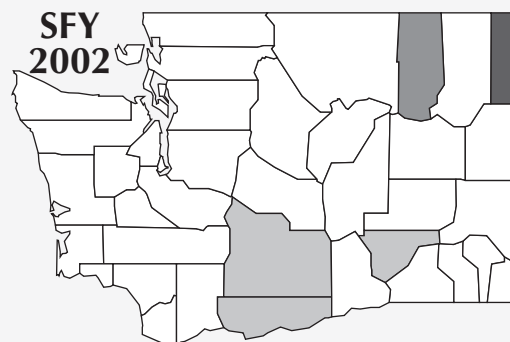
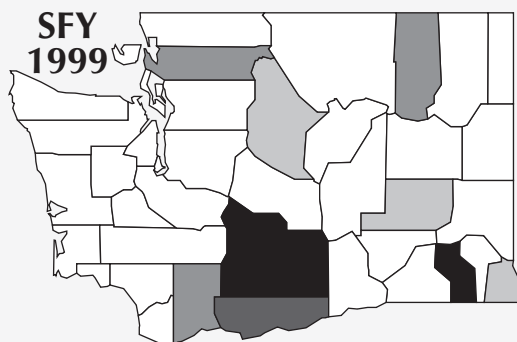
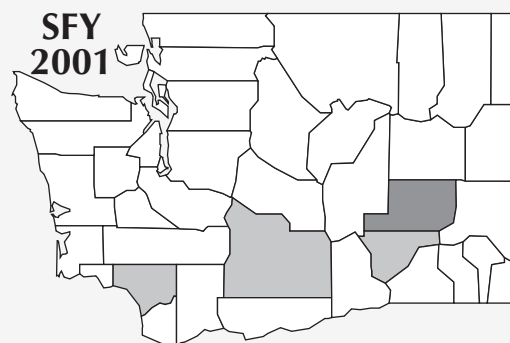
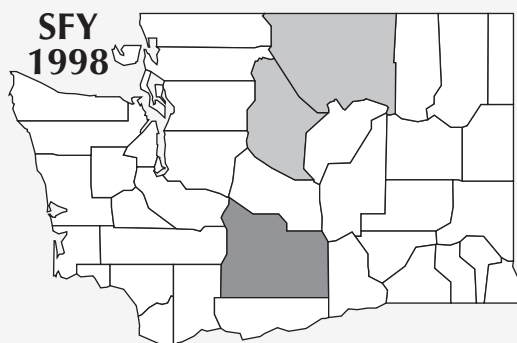
* Excludes detox, transitional housing, group care enhancement, private pay, and Department of Corrections. Includes total admissions - counts may be duplicated for an individual based on multiple admissions or multiple modalities of care.

Washington State Youth Treatment Admissions for Cocaine Per 100,000 in Population



Washington State Department of Social Health Services, Division of Alcohol & Substance Abuse

TARGET Treatment Admissions to Publicly Funded Treatment Service



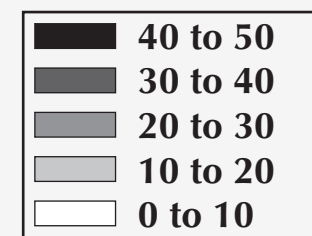
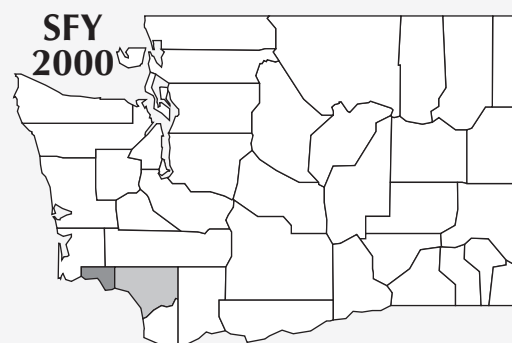
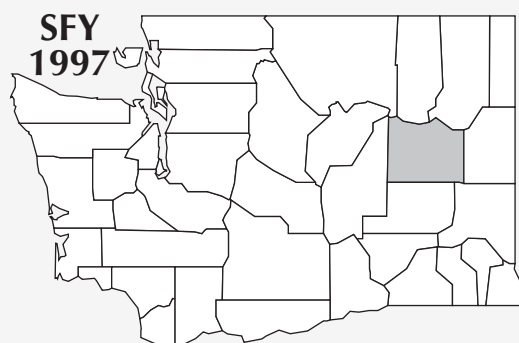


Washington State Youth Treatment Admissions* Primary Drug = Cocaine

County Name	SFY 1997		SFY 1998		SFY 1999		SFY 2000		SFY 2001		SFY 2002	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Adams	0	0	0	0	1	6.2	0	0	2	12	0	0
Asotin	0	0	0	0	2	9.7	0	0	0	0	1	4.8
Benton	1	0.7	1	0.7	1	0.7	2	1.4	4	2.8	1	0.7
Chelan	9	13.6	5	7.5	4	6	0	0	3	4.5	2	3
Clallam	1	1.6	1	1.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clark	2	0.6	3	0.9	2	0.6	3	0.9	2	0.6	3	0.8
Columbia	0	0	0	0	1	23.4	1	24.6	0	0	0	0
Cowlitz	2	2.2	1	1.1	1	1.1	7	7.5	7	7.5	3	3.2
Douglas	1	3.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0
Ferry	0	0	0	0	1	13.8	0	0	0	0	1	13.7
Franklin	1	2.1	1	2.1	1	2.1	0	0	4	7.9	5	9.7
Garfield	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grant	5	7.1	2	2.8	2	2.7	2	2.7	1	1.3	2	2.6
Grays Harbor	2	2.9	1	1.5	1	1.5	0	0	2	2.9	2	2.9
Island	0	0	0	0	3	4.3	0	0	0	0	2	2.7
Jefferson	0	0	1	3.9	0	0	0	0	1	3.8	0	0
King	26	1.5	24	1.4	46	2.7	35	2	33	1.9	13	0.7
Kitsap	1	0.4	1	0.4	4	1.7	2	0.9	0	0	1	0.4
Kittitas	2	6.2	0	0	1	2.9	3	9	0	0	0	0
Klickitat	1	5.4	0	0	3	16	0	0	0	0	1	5.2
Lewis	1	1.5	3	4.4	0	0	2	2.9	1	1.4	0	0
Lincoln	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mason	0	0	1	2.1	2	4.1	2	4	1	2	0	0
Okanogan	0	0	2	5.1	1	2.5	1	2.5	1	2.5	0	0
Pacific	0	0	0	0	1	4.8	1	4.8	0	0	0	0
Pend Oreille	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	16.9
Pierce	8	1.2	6	0.9	9	1.3	12	1.7	2	0.3	4	0.6
San Juan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7.1	0	0	0	0
Skagit	11	11.2	3	3	13	12.7	16	15.5	4	3.8	4	3.8
Skamania	0	0	0	0	1	10.4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Snohomish	17	3.1	10	1.7	20	3.4	20	3.3	5	0.8	22	3.5
Spokane	12	2.9	5	1.2	12	2.9	11	2.6	11	2.6	17	4
Stevens	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2.5	0	0	1	2.5
Thurston	2	1	5	2.5	3	1.5	6	2.9	1	0.5	5	2.4
Wahkiakum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Walla Walla	1	1.8	0	0	0	0	1	1.8	0	0	1	1.8
Whatcom	5	3.2	6	3.7	5	3	11	6.6	7	4.1	8	4.6
Whitman	1	2.5	1	2.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2.5
Yakima	12	5.4	29	13	58	25.9	30	13.5	21	9.4	21	9.3
Total	124	2.2	112	1.9	199	3.4	170	2.9	114	1.9	123	2

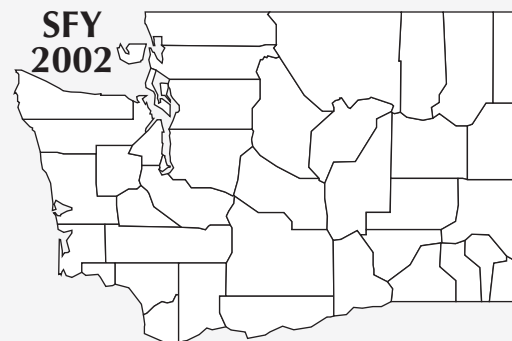
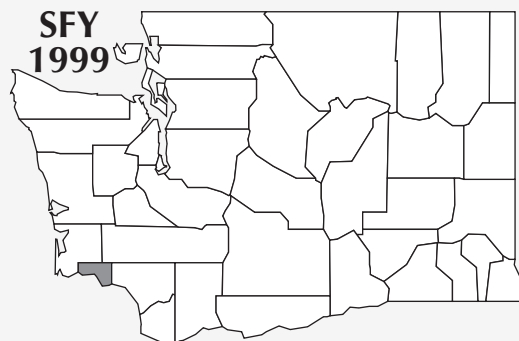
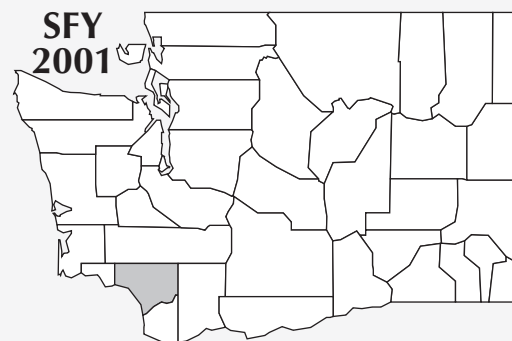
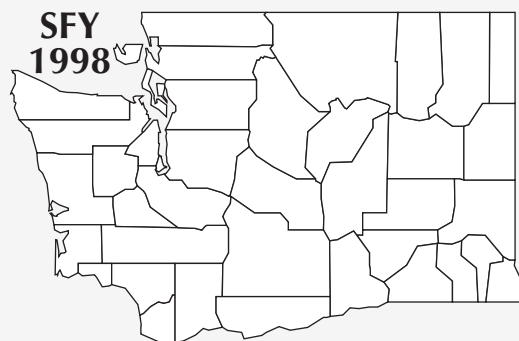
* Excludes detox, transitional housing, group care enhancement, private pay, and Department of Corrections. Includes total admissions - counts may be duplicated for an individual based on multiple admissions or multiple modalities of care.

Washington State Youth Treatment Admissions for Heroin Per 100,000 in Population



Washington State Department of Social Health Services, Division of Alcohol & Substance Abuse

TARGET Treatment Admissions to Publicly Funded Treatment Service



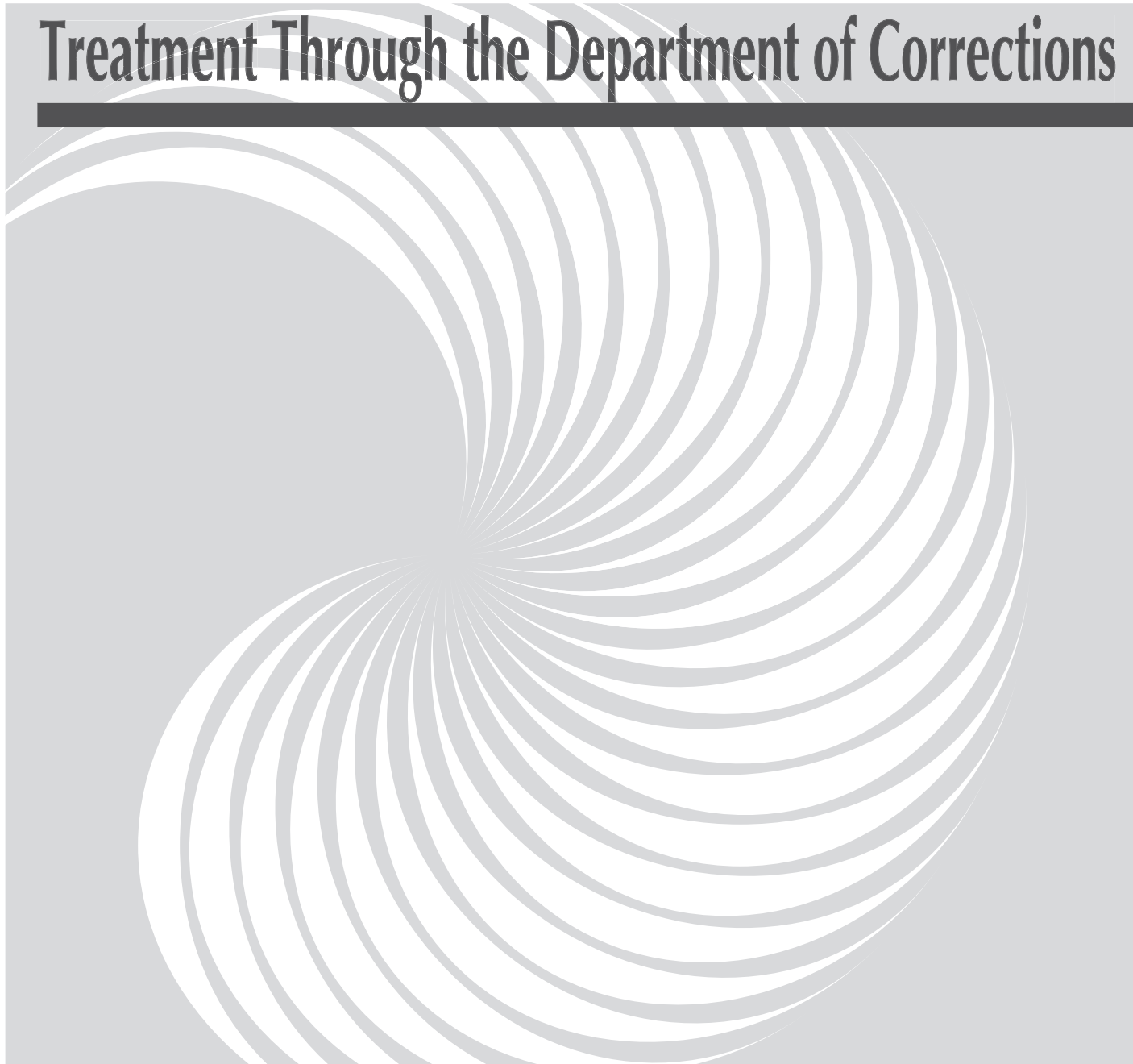


Washington State Youth Treatment Admissions* Primary Drug = Heroin

County Name	SFY 1997		SFY 1998		SFY 1999		SFY 2000		SFY 2001		SFY 2002	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Adams	0	0	1	6.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Asotin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4.8
Benton	1	0.7	0	0	1	0.7	0	0	1	0.7	2	1.4
Chelan	0	0	0	0	1	1.5	0	0	1	1.5	1	1.5
Clallam	1	1.6	0	0	1	1.6	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clark	4	1.3	3	0.9	4	1.2	0	0	1	0.3	0	0
Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cowlitz	2	2.2	4	4.4	3	3.2	12	12.9	10	10.6	3	3.2
Douglas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ferry	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Franklin	2	4.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Garfield	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.3	0	0
Grays Harbor	0	0	0	0	1	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Island	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jefferson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
King	16	1	23	1.4	21	1.2	14	0.8	15	0.9	6	0.3
Kitsap	0	0	0	0	1	0.4	3	1.3	0	0	4	1.7
Kittitas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Klickitat	0	0	1	5.4	0	0	1	5.2	0	0	0	0
Lewis	2	3	1	1.5	0	0	3	4.4	1	1.4	1	1.4
Lincoln	1	10.1	1	9.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mason	2	4.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Okanogan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pacific	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pend Oreille	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pierce	4	0.6	4	0.6	0	0	2	0.3	1	0.1	4	0.6
San Juan	0	0	1	7.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skagit	9	9.2	6	6	8	7.8	4	3.9	1	1	2	1.9
Skamania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Snohomish	0	0	6	1	3	0.5	4	0.7	4	0.6	0	0
Spokane	3	0.7	1	0.2	3	0.7	0	0	1	0.2	4	0.9
Stevens	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2.5
Thurston	3	1.5	7	3.5	7	3.4	6	2.9	2	1	2	0.9
Wahkiakum	0	0	0	0	1	25.8	1	26.2	0	0	0	0
Walla Walla	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.8	0	0	0	0
Whatcom	1	0.6	1	0.6	3	1.8	4	2.4	5	2.9	3	1.7
Whitman	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yakima	4	1.8	0	0	6	2.7	15	6.7	15	6.7	7	3.1
Total	55	1	60	1	64	1.1	70	1.2	59	1	41	0.7

* Excludes detox, transitional housing, group care enhancement, private pay, and Department of Corrections. Includes total admissions - counts may be duplicated for an individual based on multiple admissions or multiple modalities of care.

Treatment Through the Department of Corrections





The Washington State Department of Corrections Responds to the Need for Chemical Dependency Treatment

Over the past decade, the need for quality chemical dependency treatment among inmates in the custody of the Washington State Department of Corrections (DOC) has become increasingly apparent. More than one in five inmates in DOC custody – in prisons, pre-release facilities, and work release – were convicted of drug offenses, making drug crimes the single largest category of offenses. Between 60-80% of inmates are estimated to be in need of treatment.

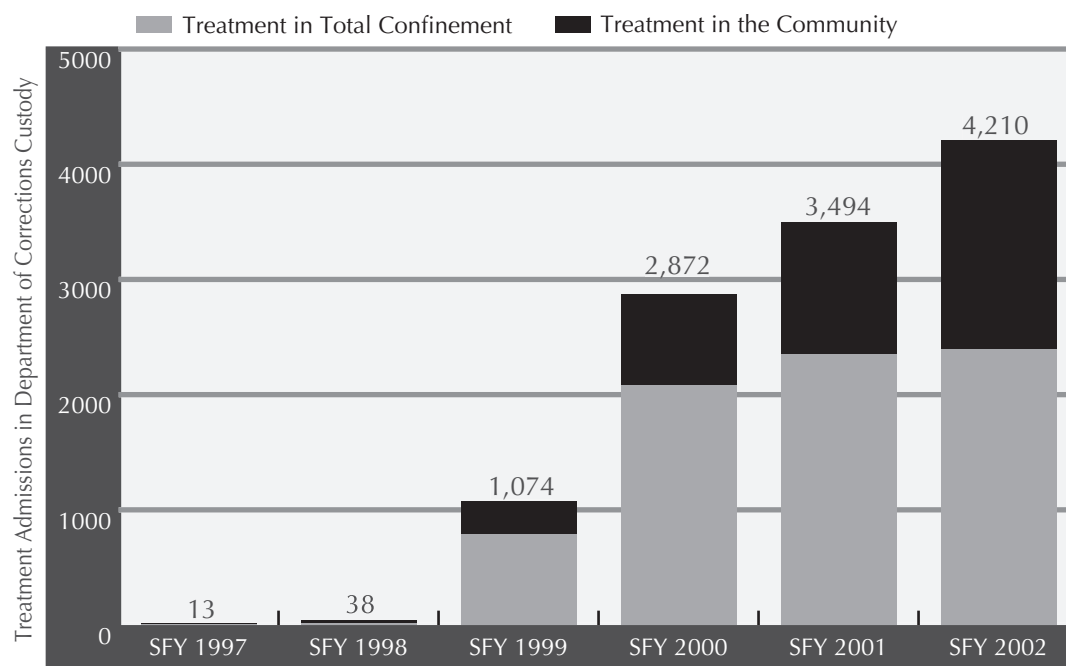
Responding to this need, DOC provides a multi-phased continuum of care which includes: screening; diagnostic assessment; intensive primary treatment; coordinated transition and case management; outpatient treatment; and referral to community-based treatment. All DOC treatment programs are certified by the Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse, and employ offender-specific, research-based best practices and utilize federal Treatment Improvement Protocol (TIP) guidelines. The goal of these programs is to reduce reoffense, enhance the safety of communities, and prepare offenders for more productive lives once they are released.

DOC provides two primary treatment modalities:

- **Residential Therapeutic Community (TC)** – TC is a progressive, phased program of care, 9-12 months in length. Through TC, patients are provided a separate living area and a highly structured treatment environment, including traditional chemical dependency treatment coupled with emphasis upon “right living”, work, education, community, and personal accountability. Services are delivered by a multi-disciplinary team. Development and demonstration of specific behaviors are required prior to transition to further program phases.
- **Intensive Outpatient (IOP)** – Within DOC, IOP is a 72-hour, highly structured intervention delivered in a “day treatment” environment. Available in total and partial confinement as well as in the community, IOP is offered in varying lengths of stay, ranging from five to 12 weeks, in order to conform to the sentence structure and meet the needs of offenders in different institutions.

Following completion of any primary level of treatment, offenders are admitted to and complete outpatient treatment, which may continue for up to 12 months. A minimum of three months of outpatient treatment will take place in the community.

Washington State Has Made a Major Commitment to Providing Chemical Dependency Treatment to Offenders in Total Confinement and in Community Custody.



Source: Washington State Department of Corrections, July 2003.

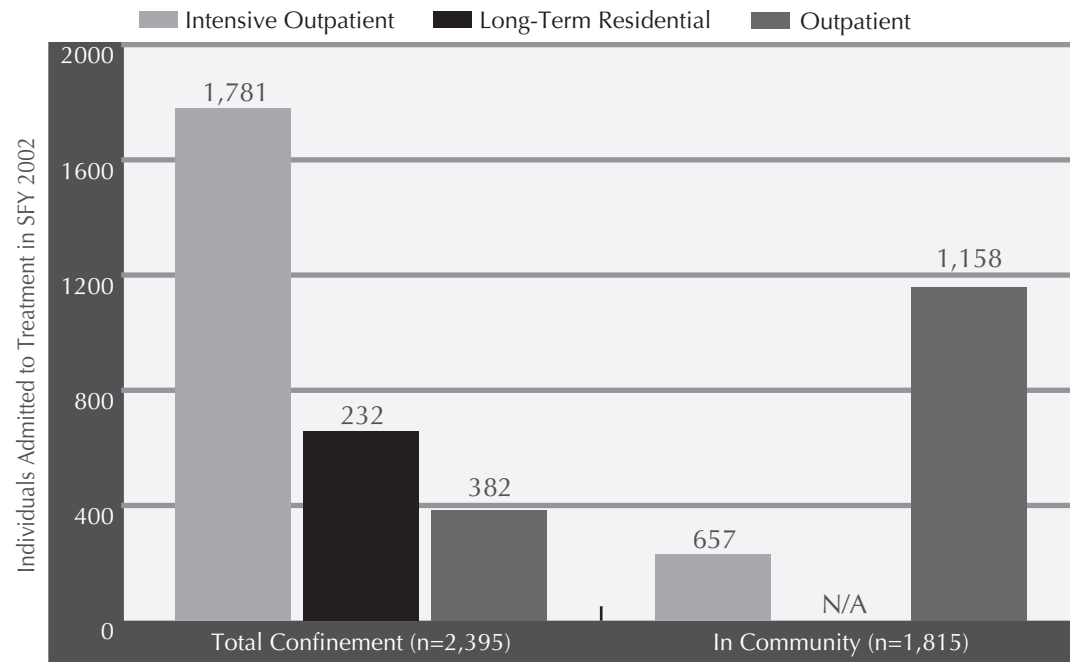
This graph indicates the depth of commitment Washington State has made in recent years toward the provision of alcohol and drug treatment services to offenders in the state correctional system. Especially noteworthy is the expansion of services to offenders in community custody.

Consistent with best practices, offenders are admitted to treatment as close to release from total confinement as possible. Based on an offender's clinical progress while in confinement, outpatient treatment may continue as needed, with a minimum of three months of treatment occurring after release. The treatment completion rate among offenders in Department of Corrections custody in SFY 2002 was 75%.¹



The Majority of Individuals Admitted to Chemical Dependency Treatment in the State Correctional System Receive Intensive Outpatient Treatment

Offenders in Department of Corrections Custody Admitted to Treatment in SFY 2002



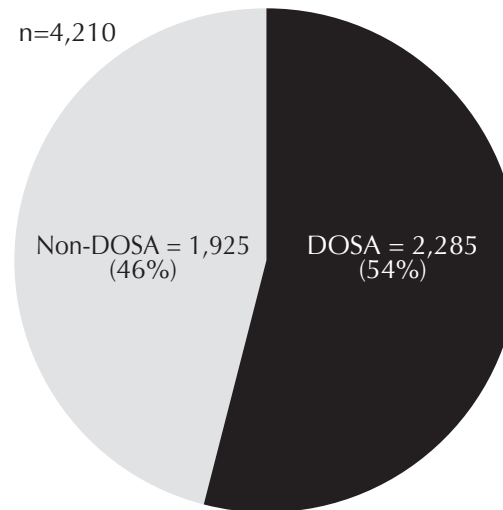
Source: Washington State Department of Corrections, July 2003.

The Washington State Department of Corrections offers three levels of chemical dependency treatment to offenders in custody who are assessed as in need. Long-term residential treatment is delivered in therapeutic communities, providing a highly structured living and treatment environment. Intensive outpatient treatment, provided both in correctional facilities and in the community, provides a 72-hour, highly structured intervention over a period of 5-12 weeks. Outpatient treatment, also provided in both correctional facilities and in the community, follows completion of other primary levels of treatment. It may continue for up to 12 months, with a minimum of three months provided in the community.

The Majority of Individuals Receiving Chemical Dependency Treatment in the State Correctional System are Sentenced Under the Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA).



Offenders in Department of Corrections Custody Admitted to Treatment in SFY 2002



Source: Washington State Department of Corrections, July 2003.

The Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) provides judges with the option of ensuring those offenders who: A) pose a moderate to high risk of reoffense; B) pose a risk to public safety; and C) have had their lives disrupted due to substance abuse problems may receive chemical dependency treatment through the Department of Corrections. To qualify, offenders must have no current or prior sex or violent offenses and must not have used a deadly weapon in the commission of the offense. Additionally, if the offense was a violation of the Uniform Controlled Substance Act, the offense must have involved only a small quantity of illicit drugs.

Under DOSA, the offender serves one half of the mid-point of the standard sentencing range for the offense in total confinement, with the remainder of the term to be served in community custody. During incarceration, offenders undergo a comprehensive substance abuse assessment and receive appropriate treatment services. Services continue when the offender is released into community custody. Failure to meet conditions of the sentence – which can include drug testing and monitoring, and education or employment training – can result in imposition of the balance of the original sentence.